

Heterogeneity of housing at the site level



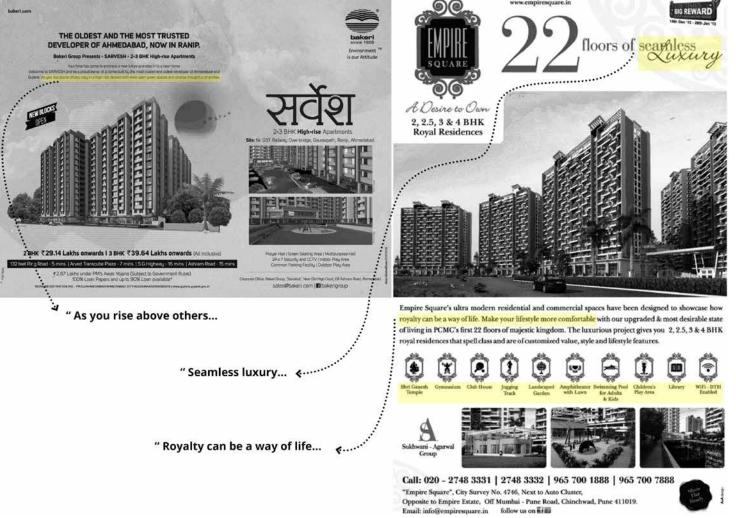
Homogeneity of housing at the unit level

Heterogeneity of housing at the site level

There exists a predominant distinction between the sizes of houses present in a project. The physical layout and orientation of a floor and site plan create a visual heterogeneity among them.



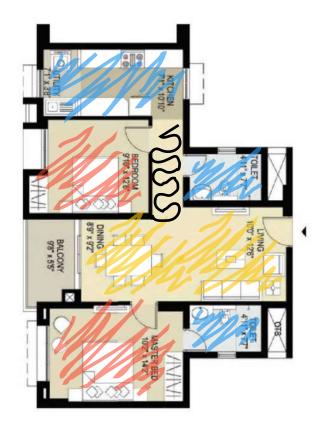




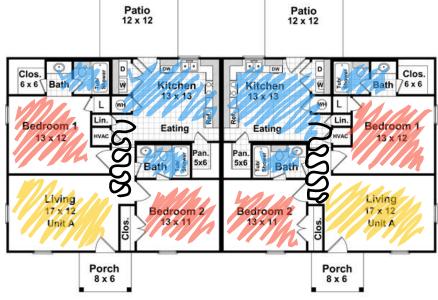
Heterogeneity of housing at the site level

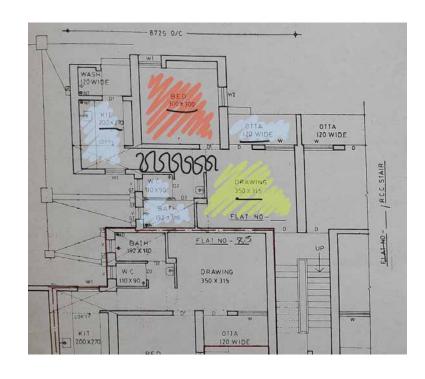


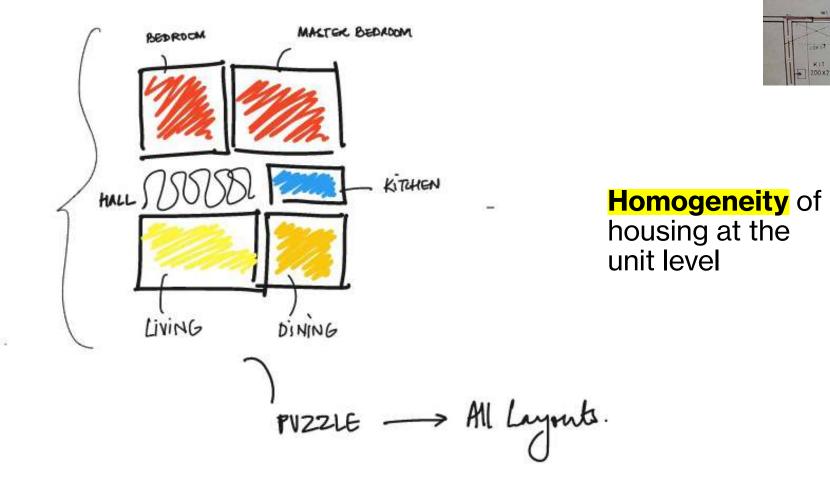
Homogeneity of housing at the unit level



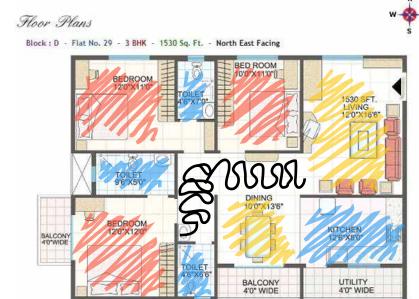


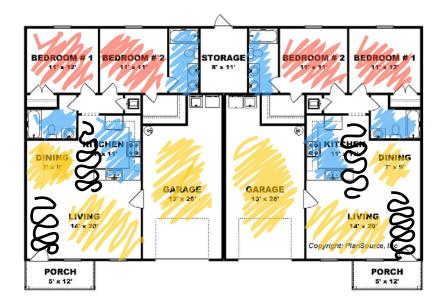






As the standardized model of the 'BHK' dominates; all layouts are a mere shuffled puzzle of 'rooms. This distinct division between rooms





decreases the accordance of spaces, making apartment layouts highly mundane and predictable.

The Units

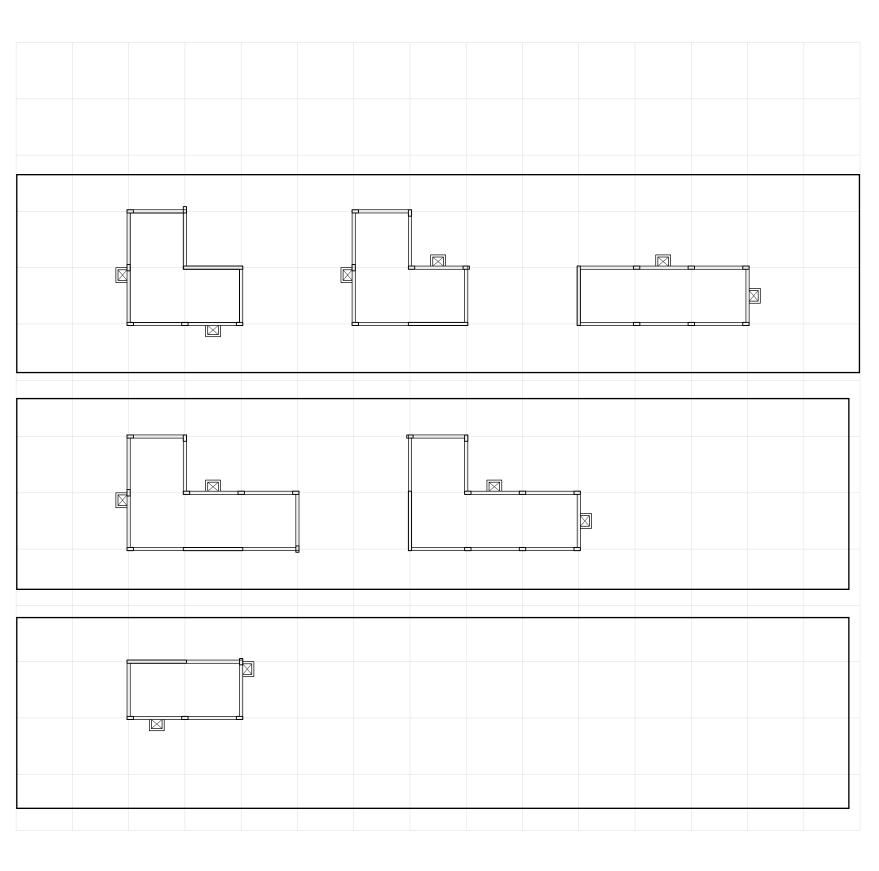
93 sqm Units (For Existing Residents)

120 sqm Units (Salable Units)

Heterogeneity

65 sqm Units (Salable Units)

Homogeneity



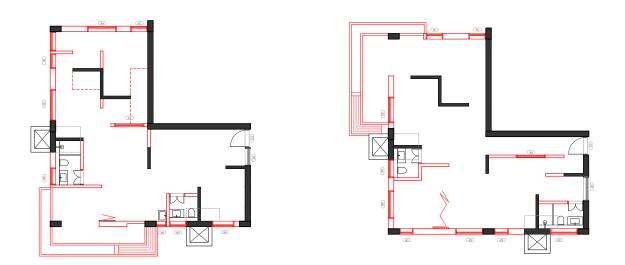


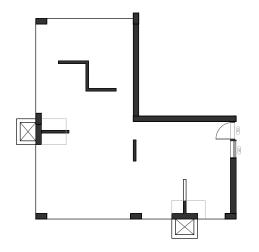
System of Units

Flexible Walls

Heterogeneity

Primary Concerns **Fixed Walls**







How does this system work along the process of the project?

Brick work and further finishings

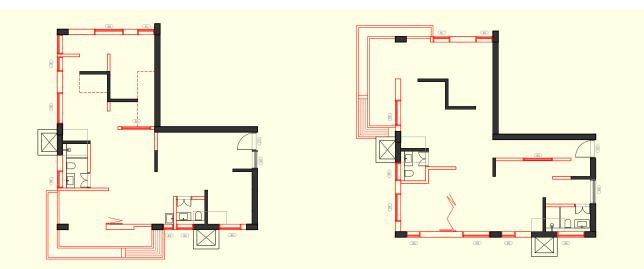
Phase 2

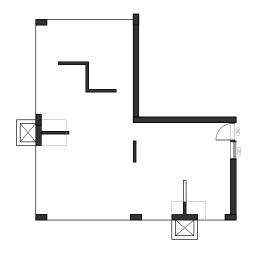
Heterogeneity

Structural and concrete work

Phase 1

Primary Concerns



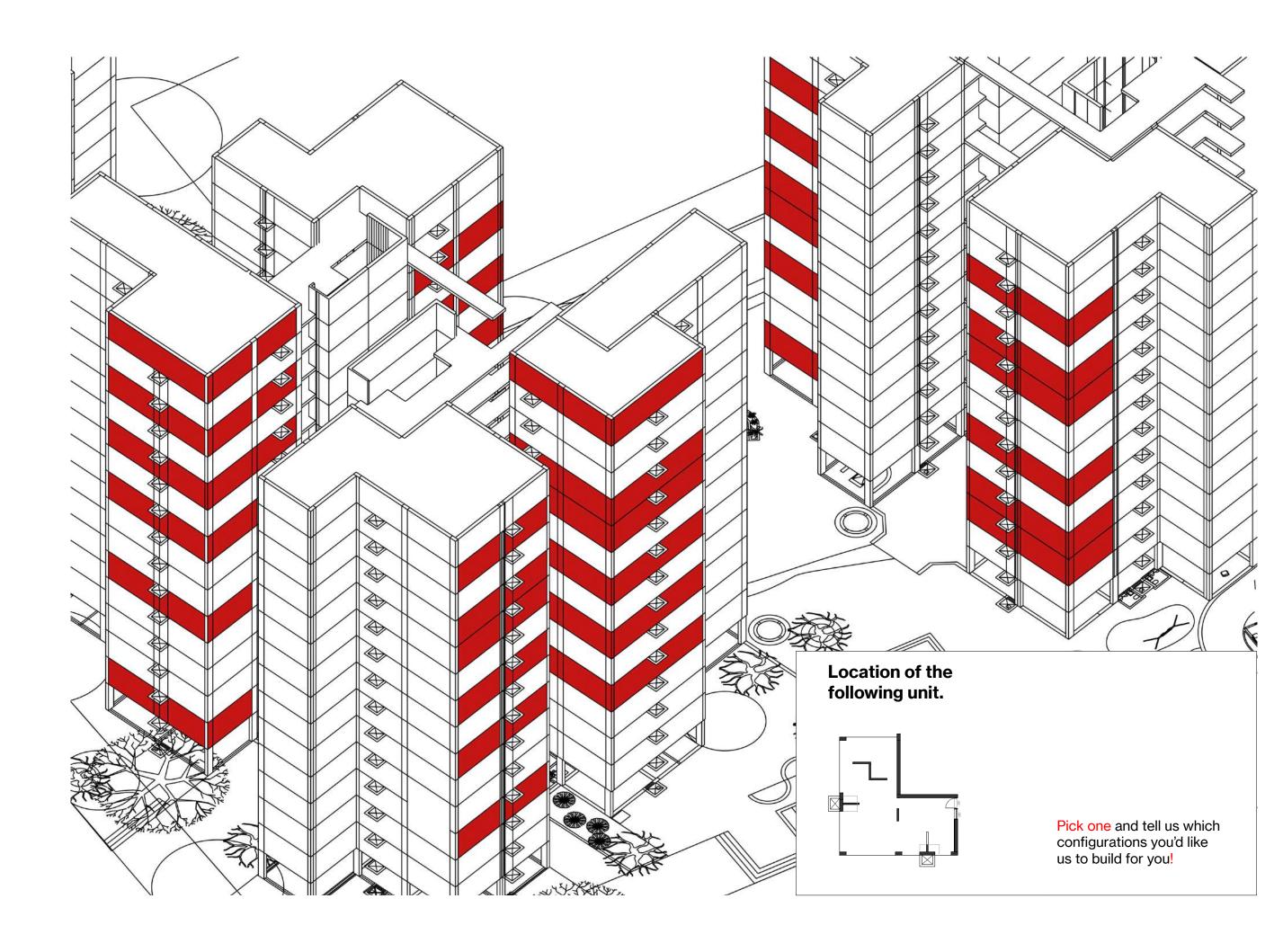


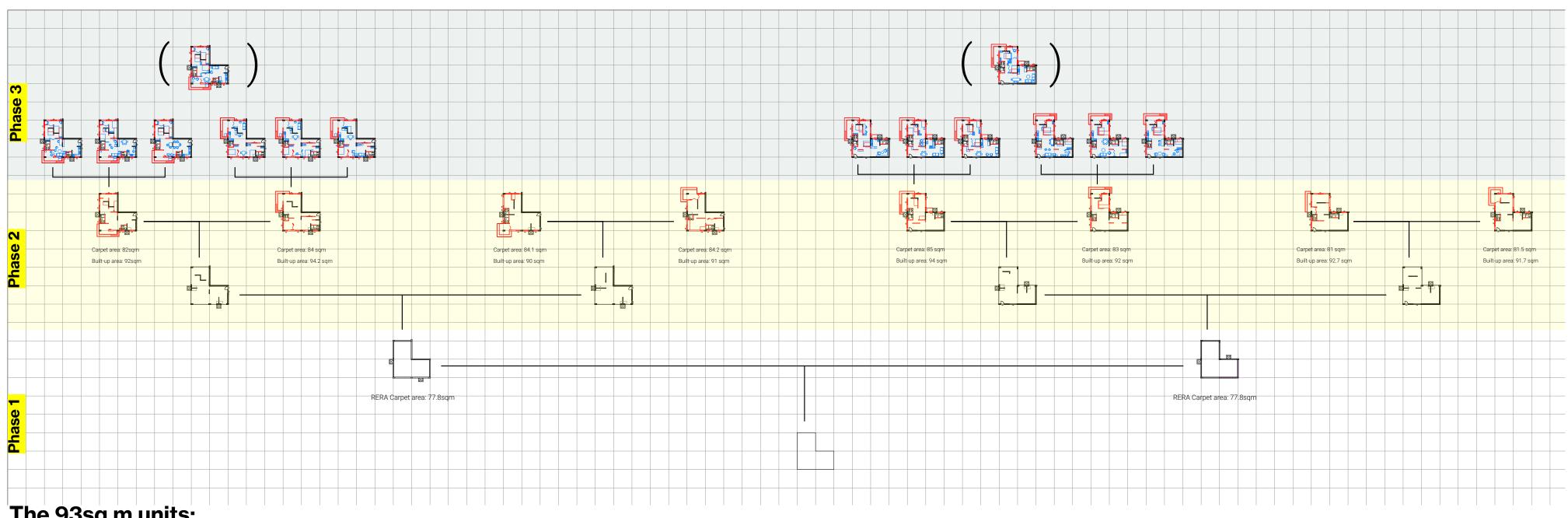
System of Units

The decision making process for the client once **Phase 1** gets over...

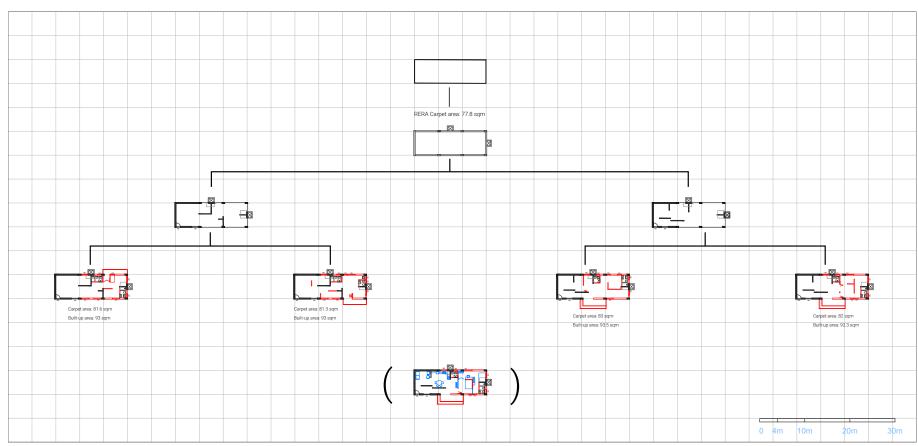
Heterogeneity

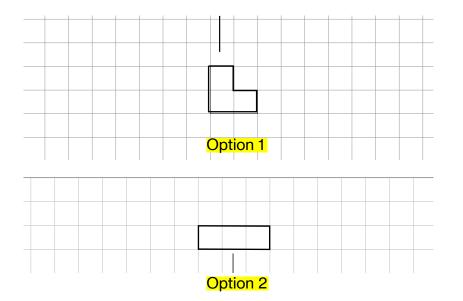
Primary Concerns





Heterogeneity

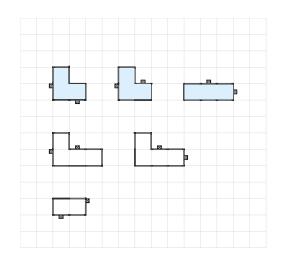


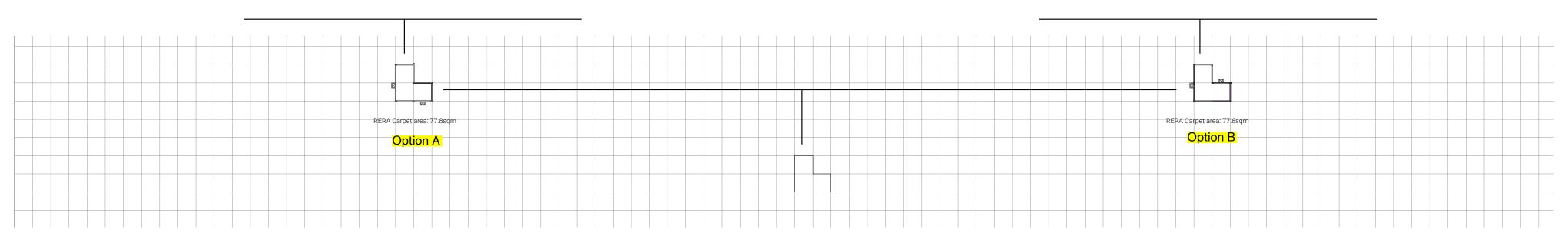


Heterogeneity

Which layout would you choose?

Primary Concerns

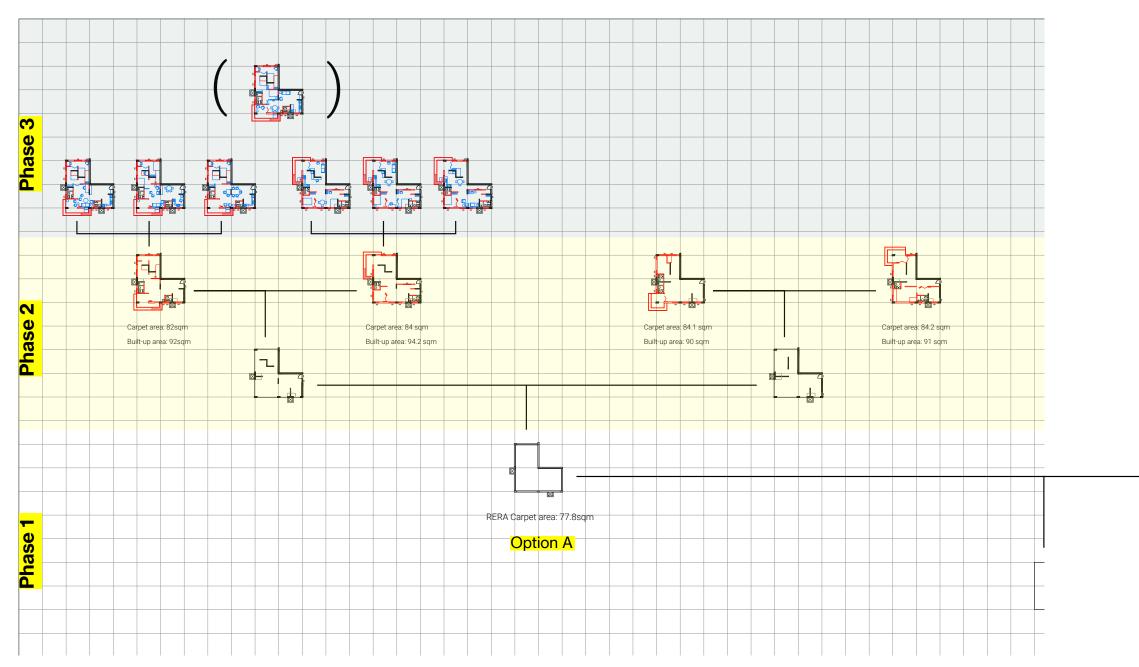






Which location would you choose?





Heterogeneity

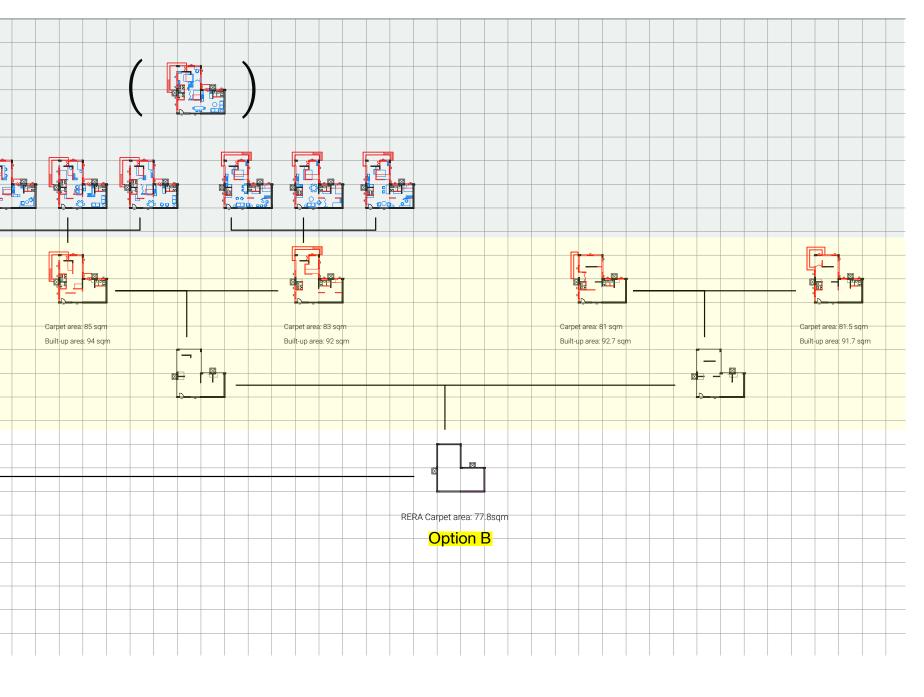
Primary Concerns

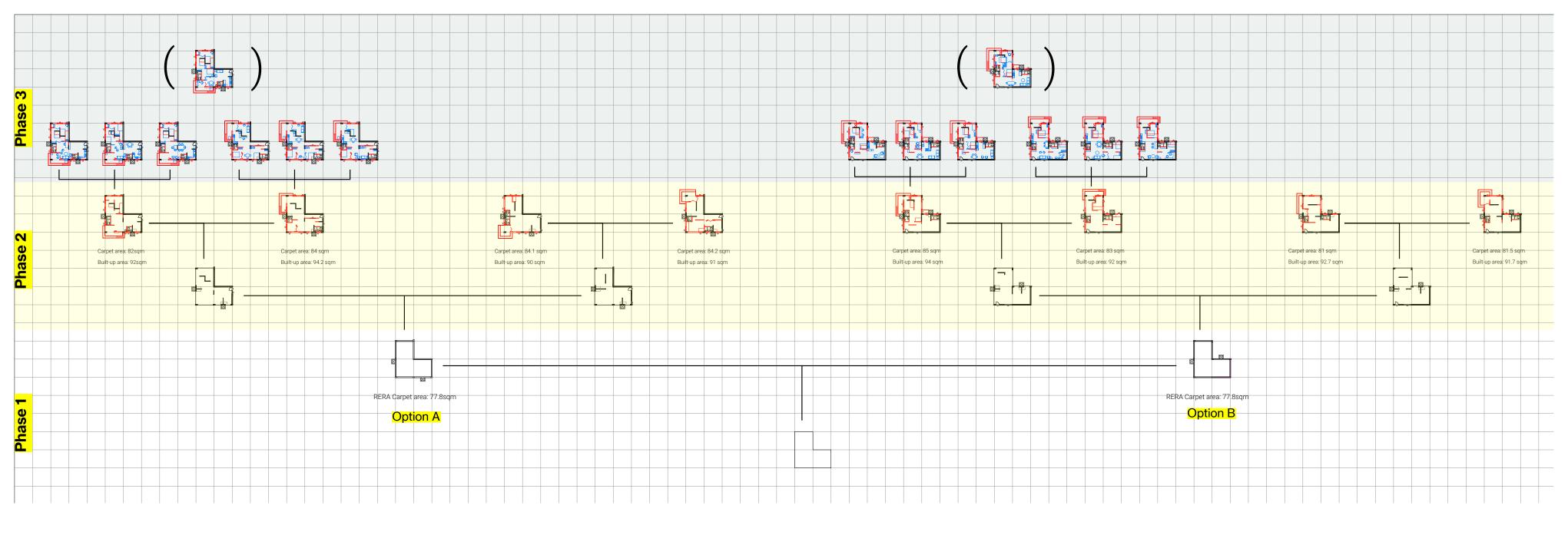
Phase 1

Heterogeneity

Primary Concerns

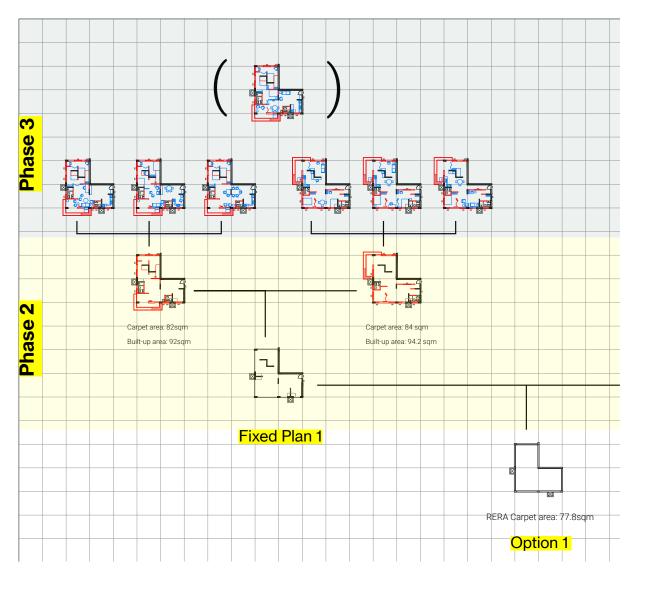
Homogeneity





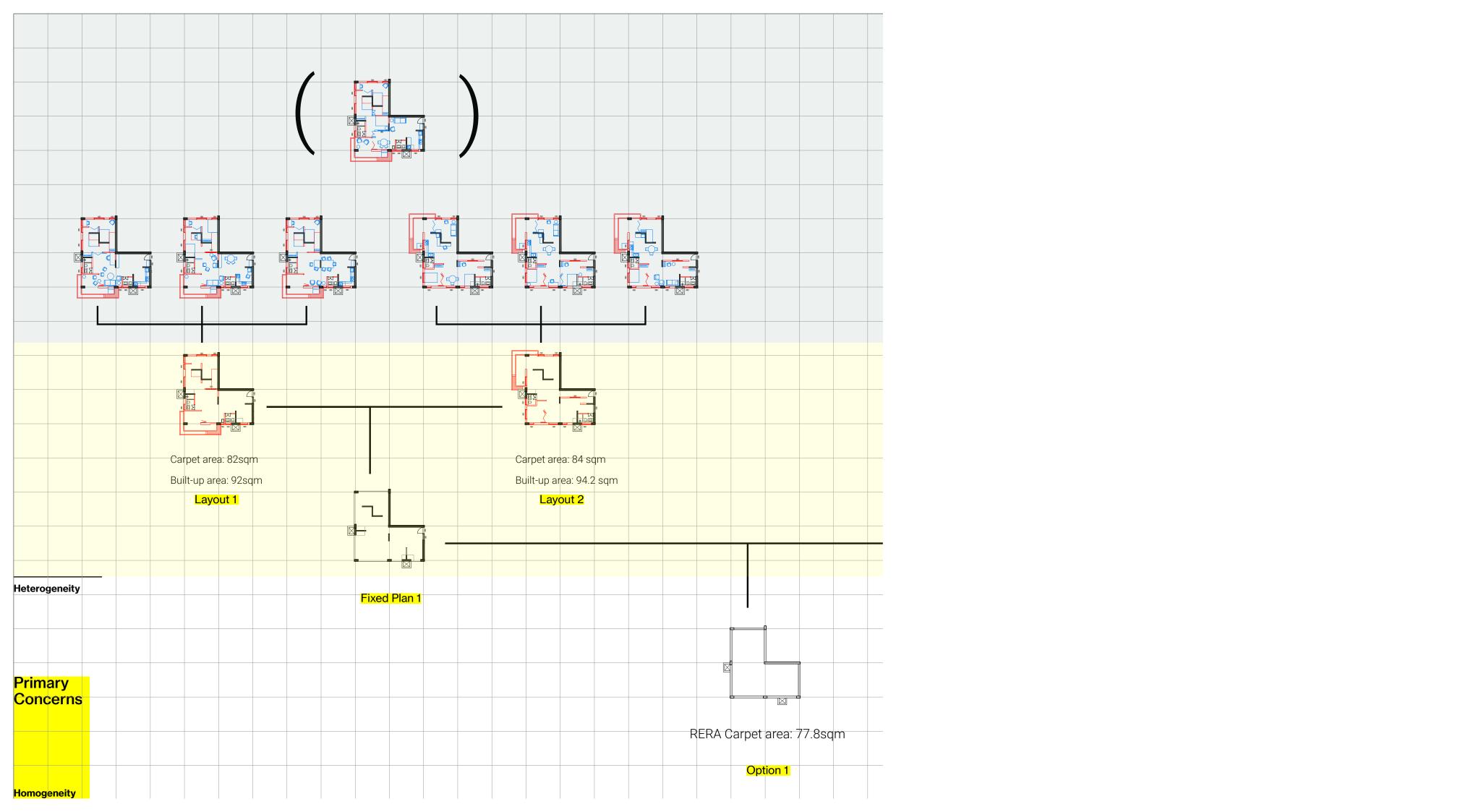
Heterogeneity

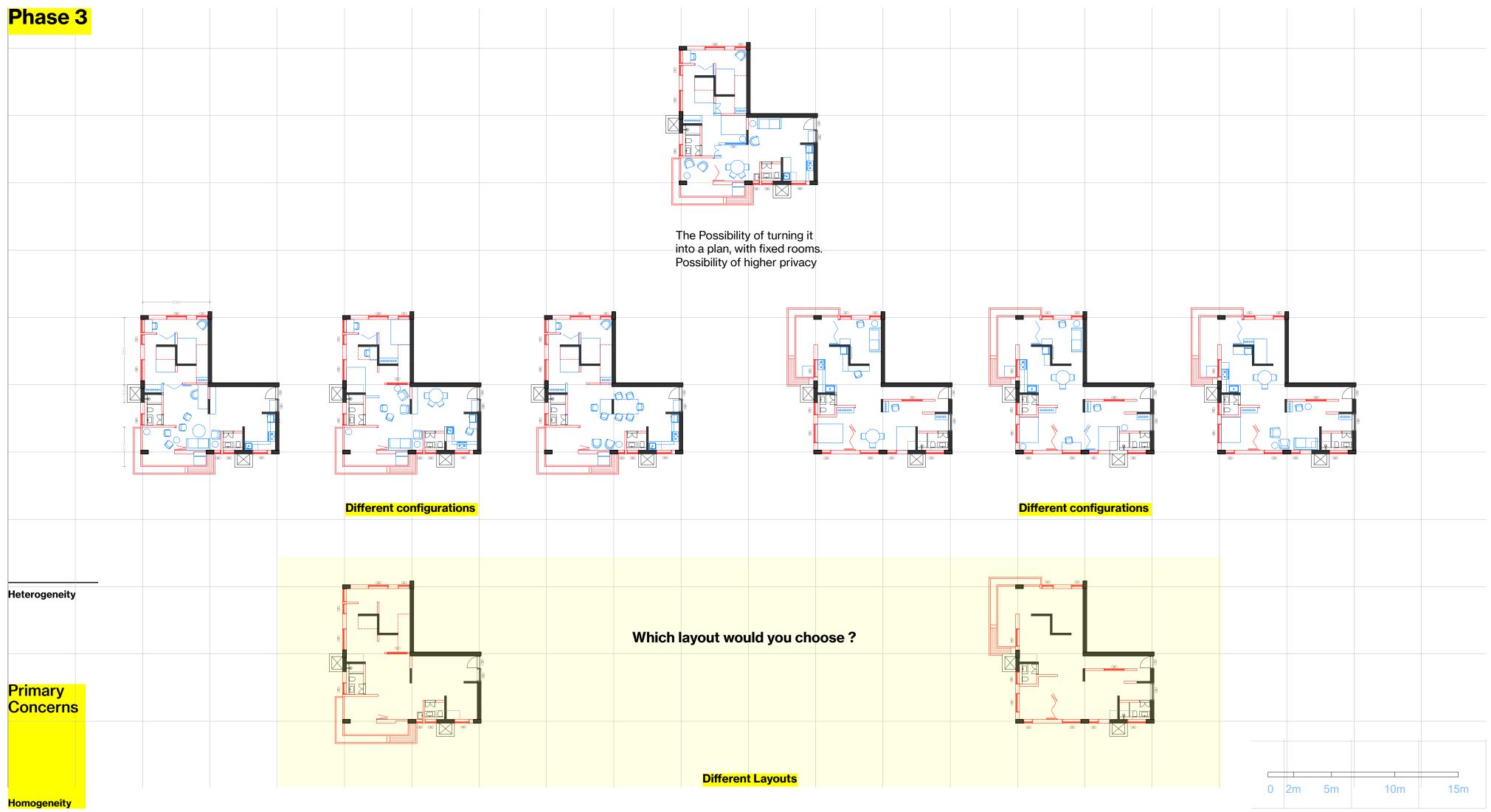
Primary Concerns



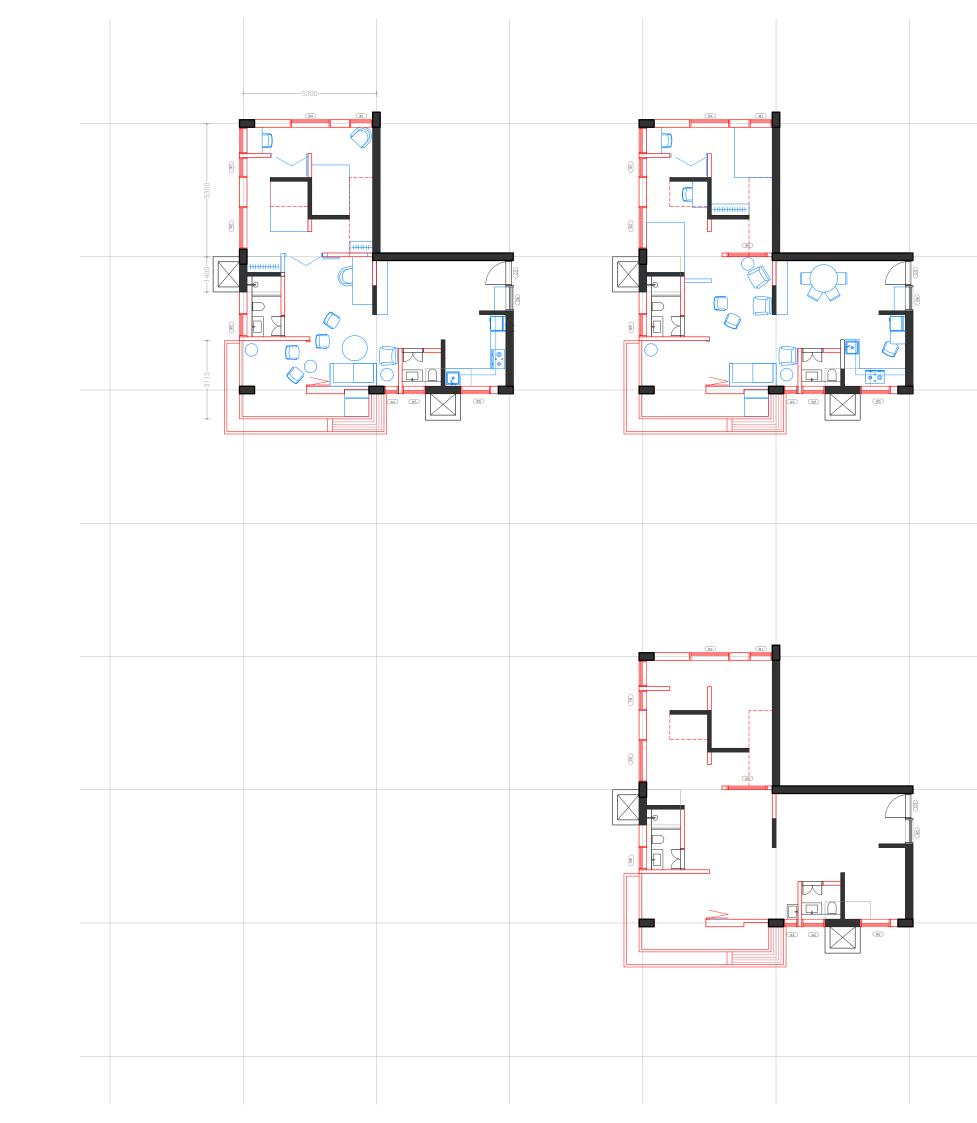
Heterogeneity

Primary Concerns

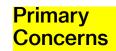


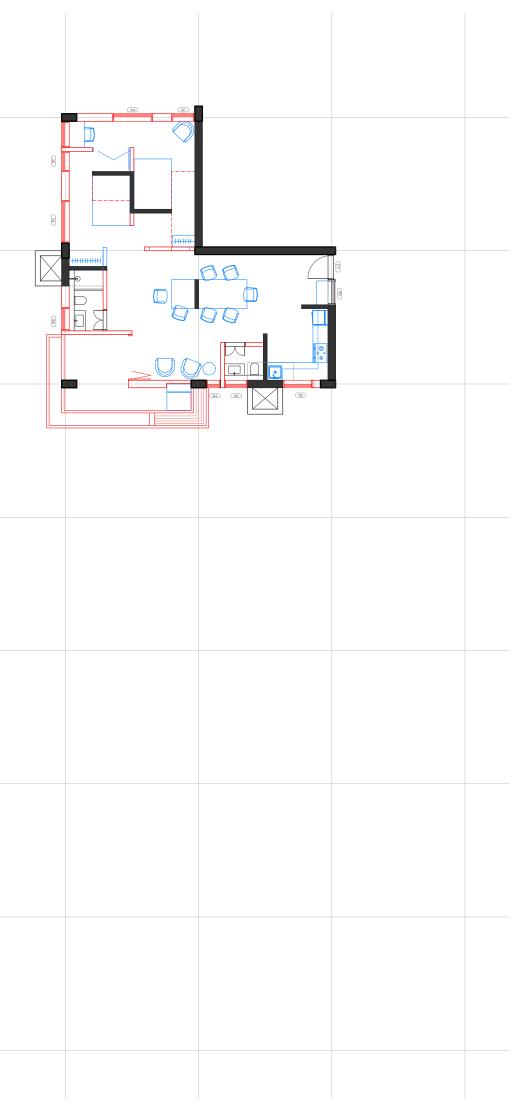


Phase 3

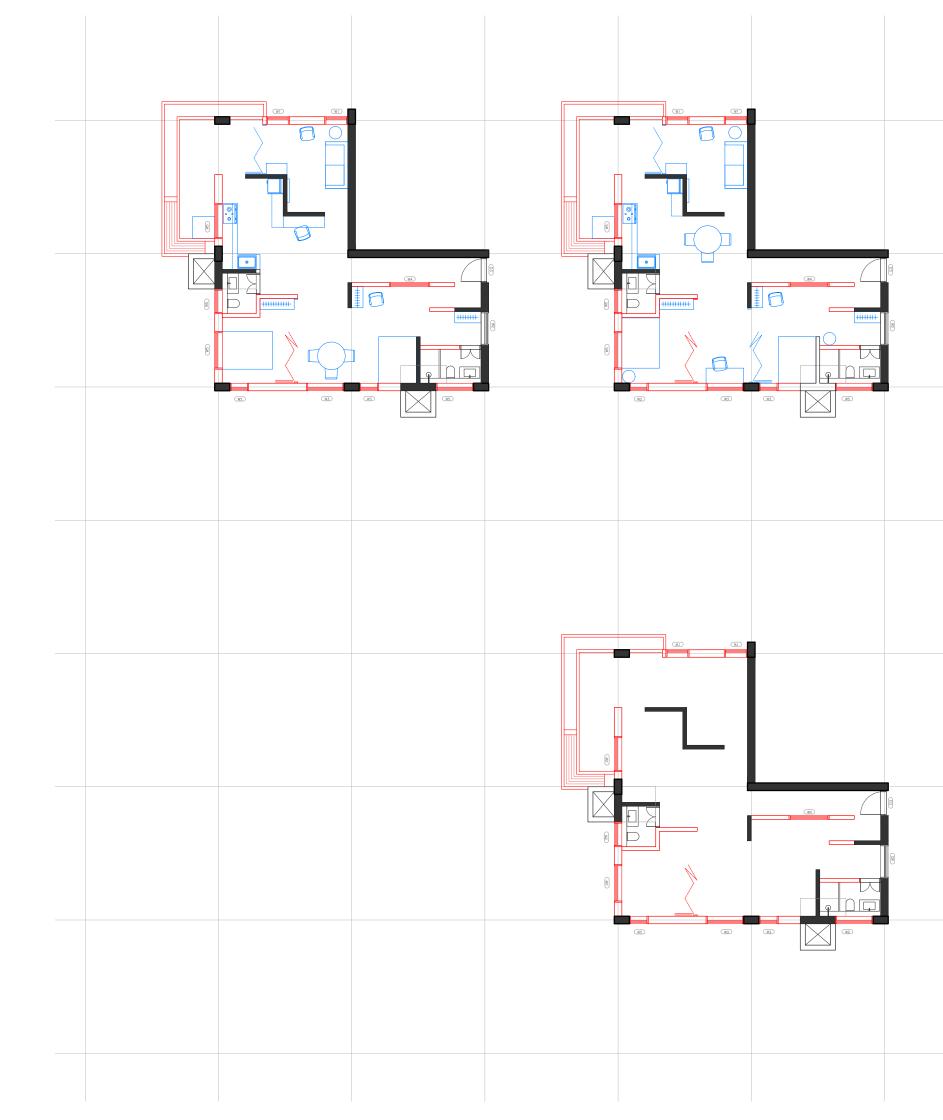


Heterogeneity

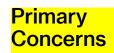


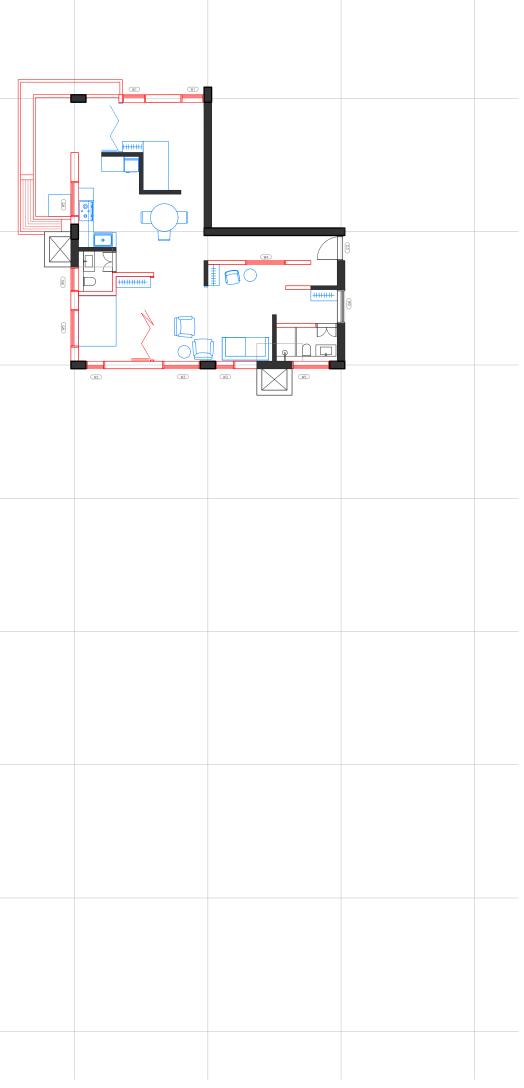


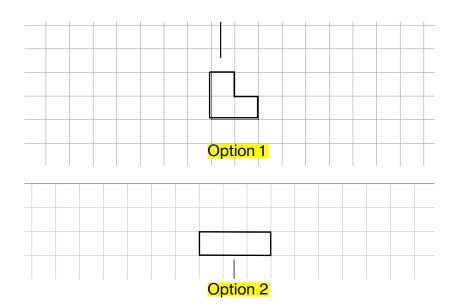
Phase 3



Heterogeneity



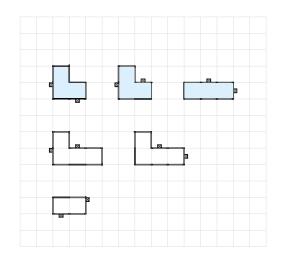




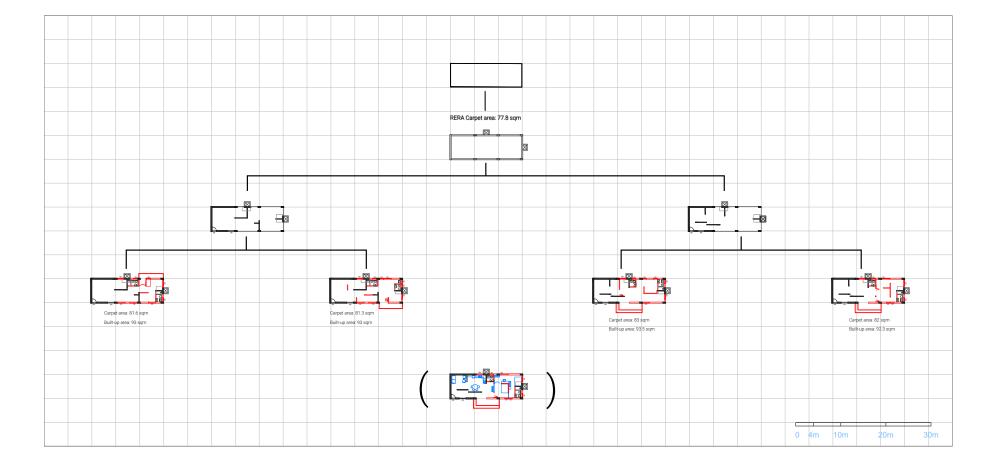
Heterogeneity

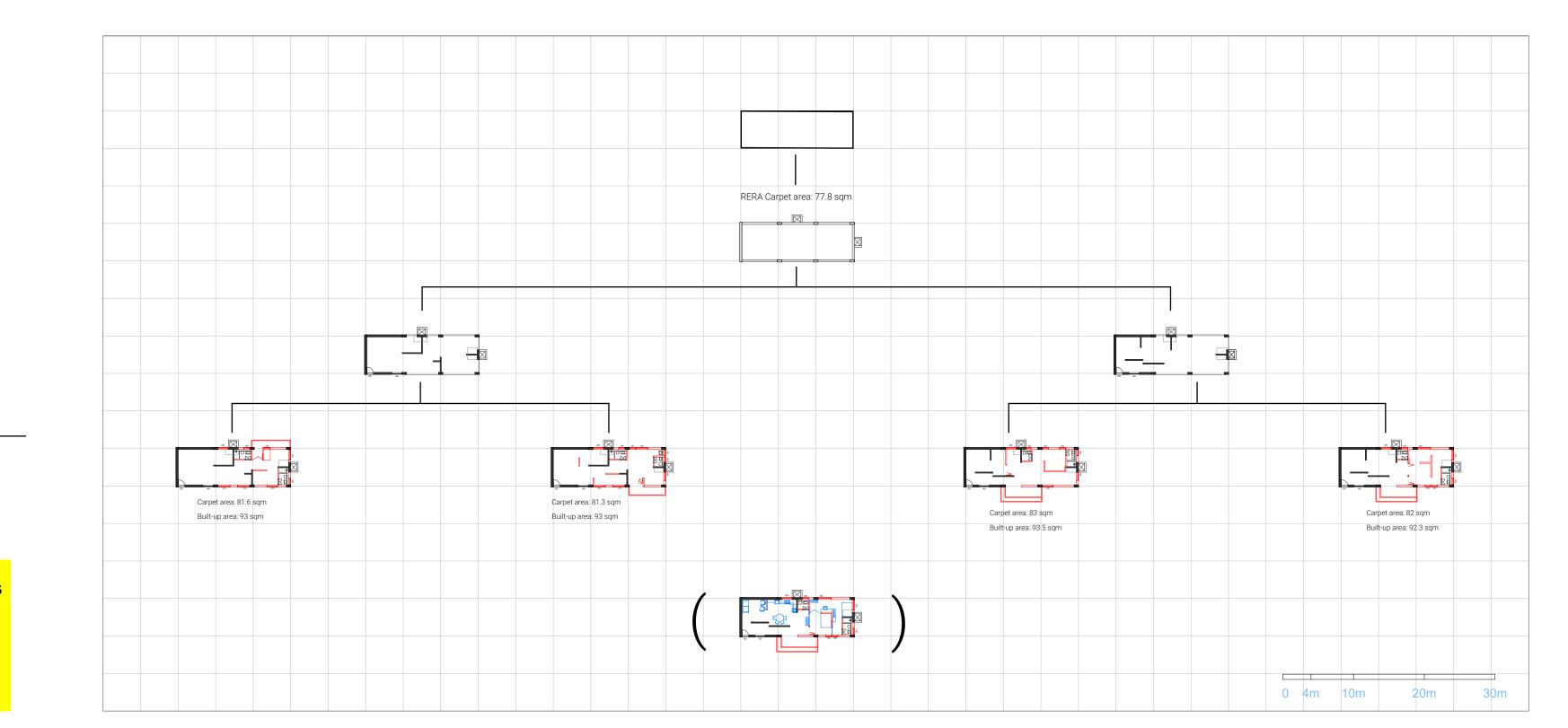
If we'd chosen the bottom one ?

Primary Concerns





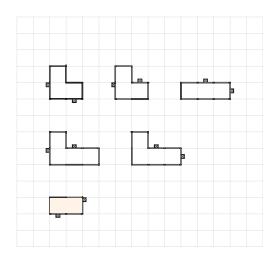




Heterogeneity

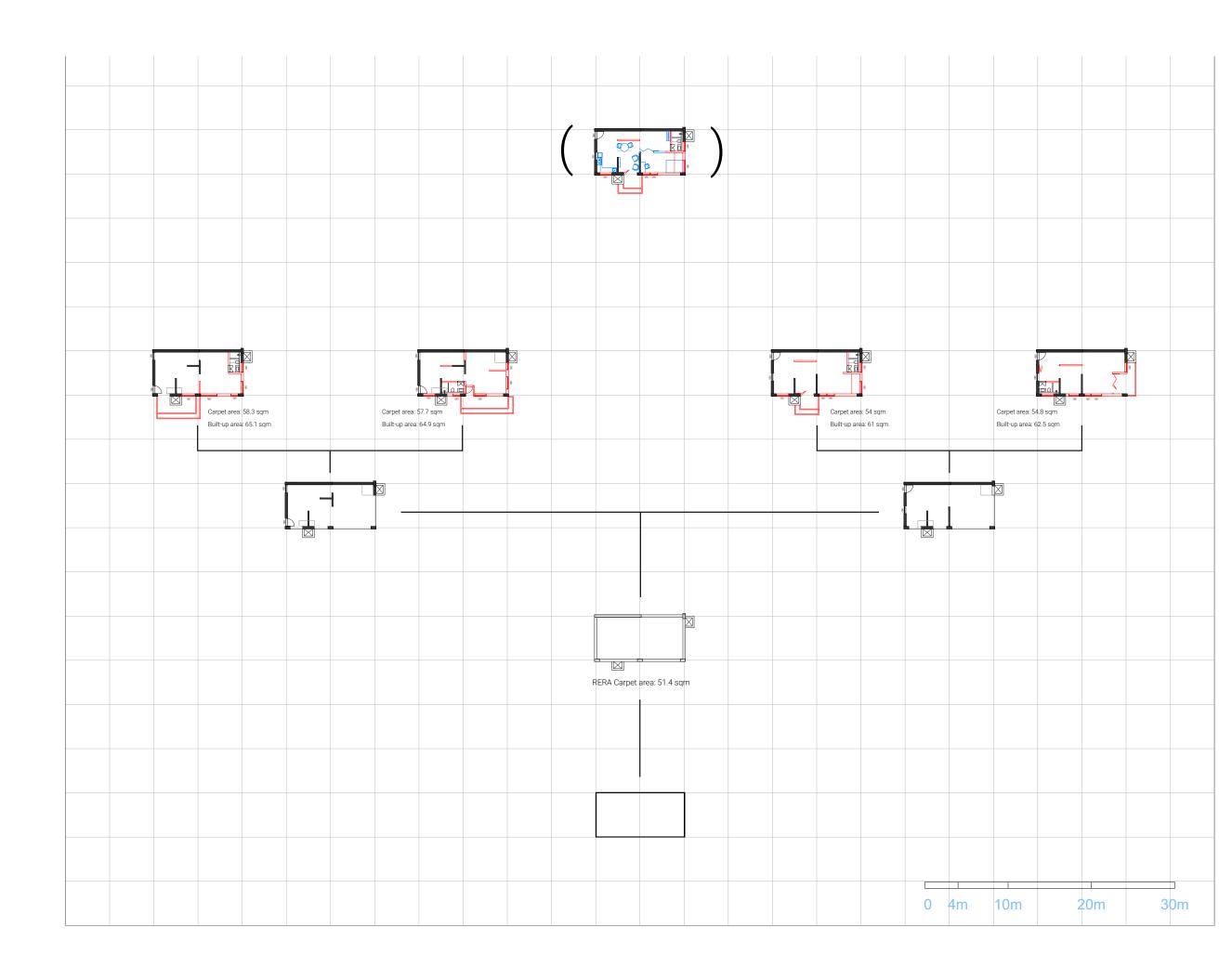
Other Units

The 65 sq m units for new residents.



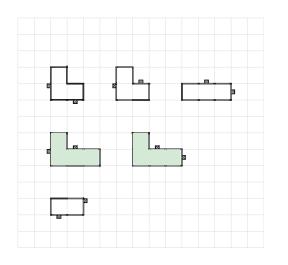
Heterogeneity

Primary Concerns



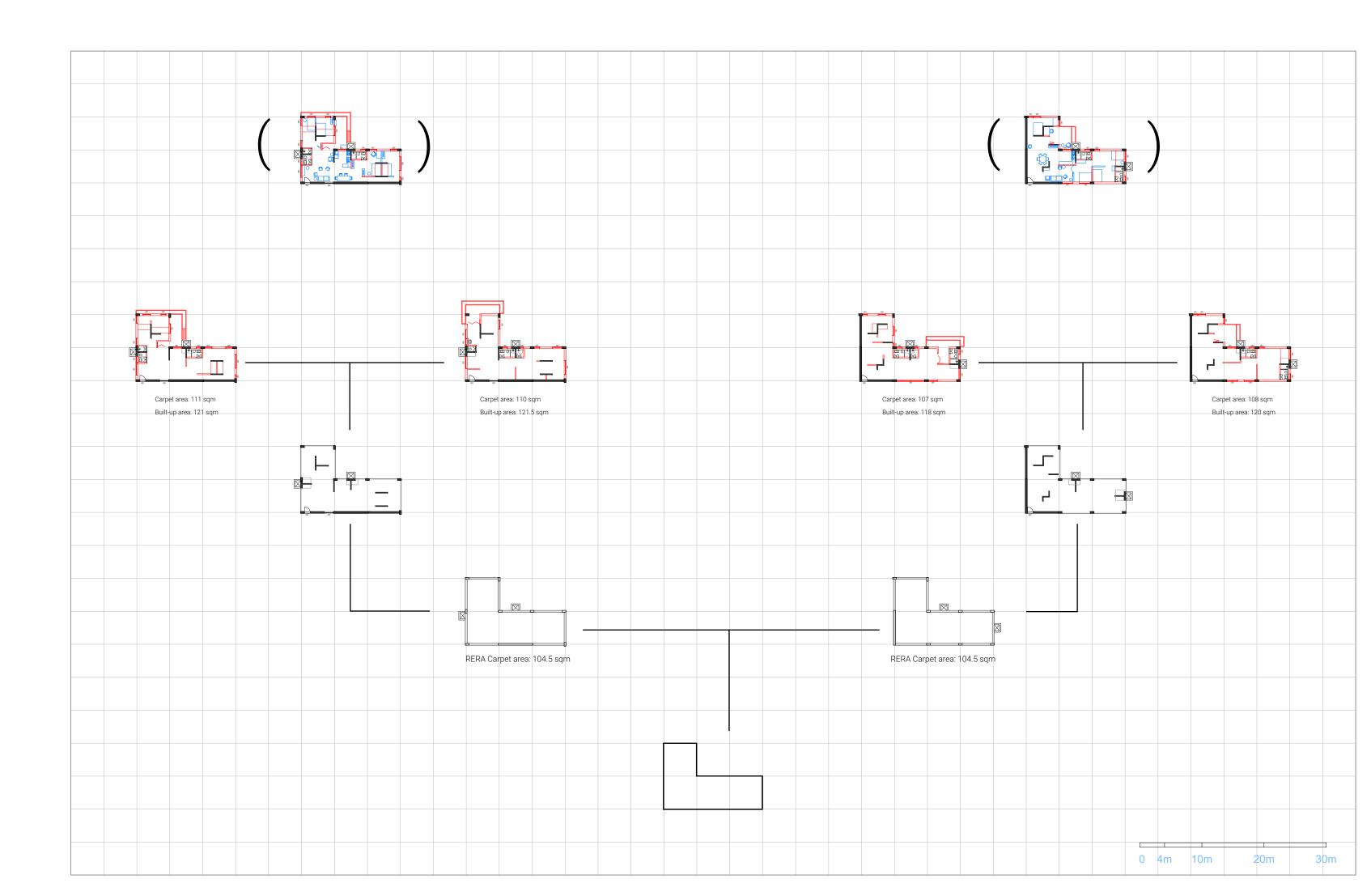
Other Units

The 120 sq m units for new residents.



Heterogeneity

Primary Concerns



The Floor

How are these units coming together to from a floor?

4 units come together to form a floor, connected by an open lobby space, two lifts and a fire staircase.

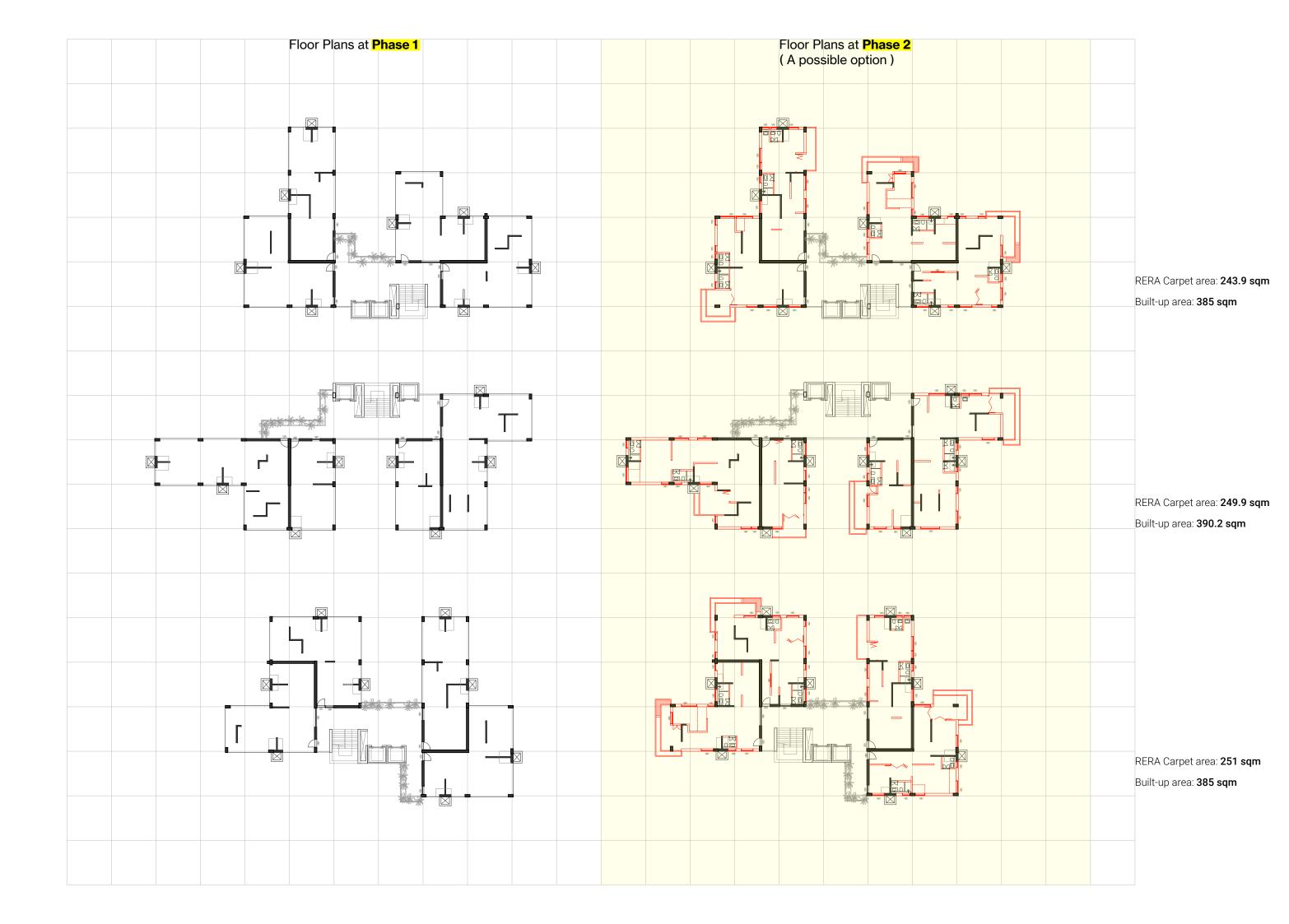
Open lobby spaces; floor spaces on each floor thats not part of the facade become a more interactive space as the cone of vision expands.

Struggle with Guidelines and norms

1. The lobby spaces formed by aligning the **free of FSI spaces** possible in front of staircases and lifts strategically.

2. Width of the fire staircase flights need to be a **minimum of 2m,** as each building is 43m high.

Heterogeneity

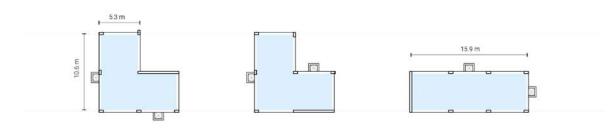




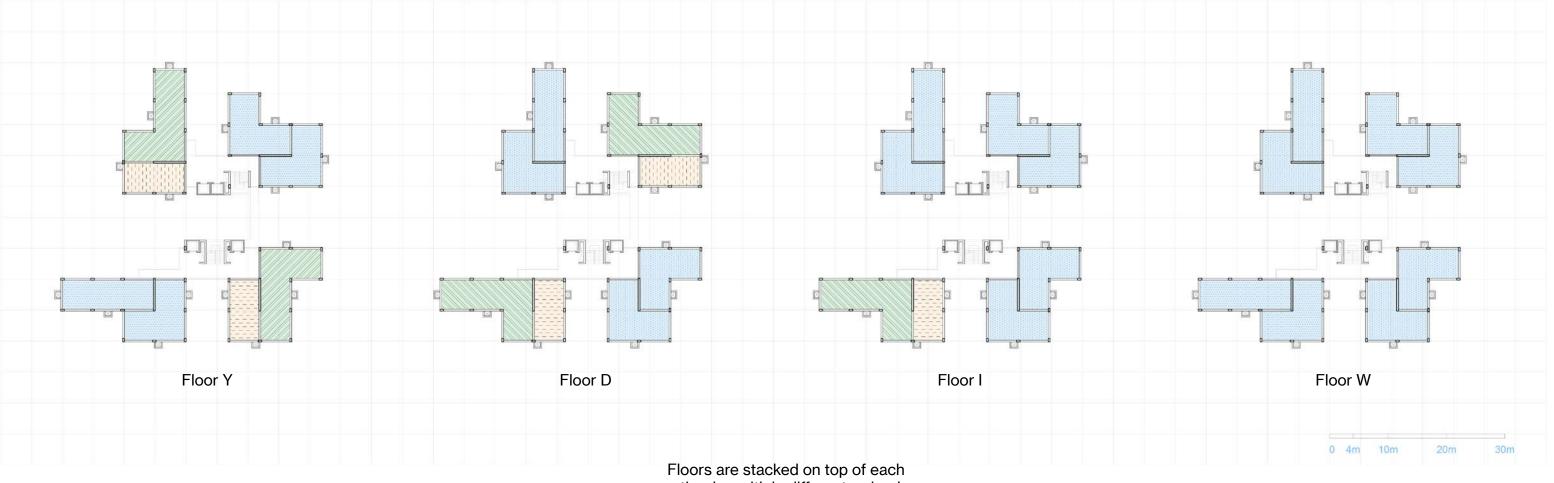
How is heterogeneity in housing being addressed ?

Each floor can accommodate either of the 3 unit sizes, in multiple different combinations.

When you reach a floor, one can never tell what the size of each apartments might be unless you go further deep inside the house.



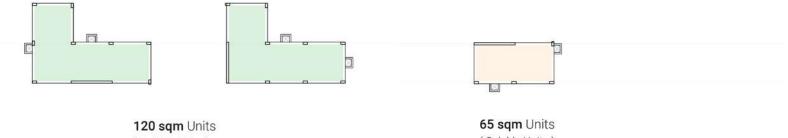
93 sqm Units (For Existing Residents)



other in multiple different orders!

Heterogeneity

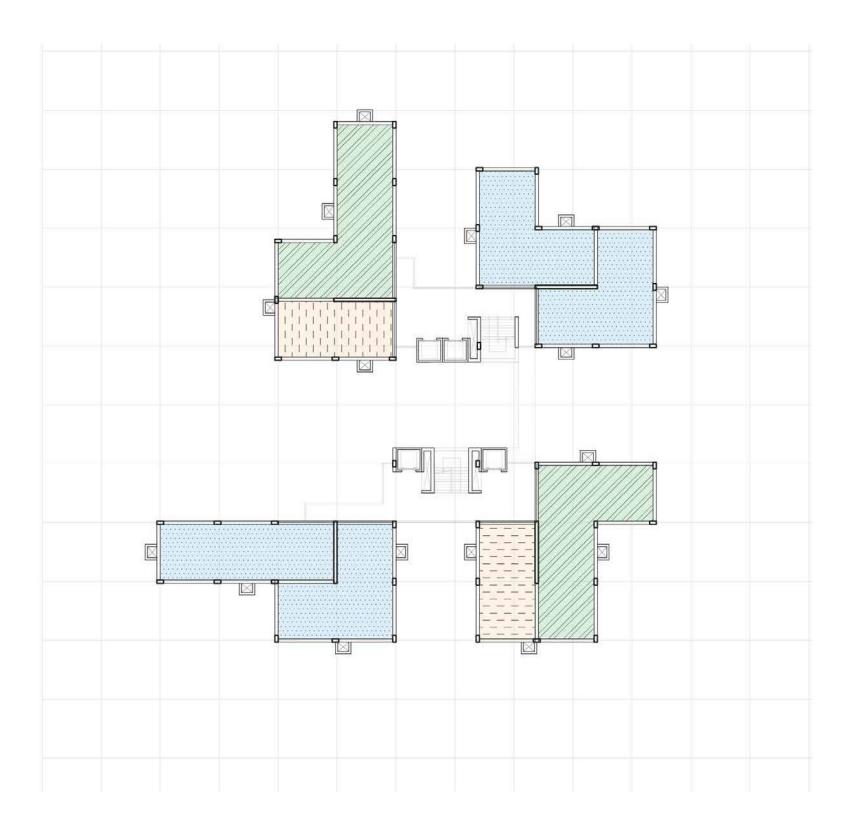
Primary Concerns







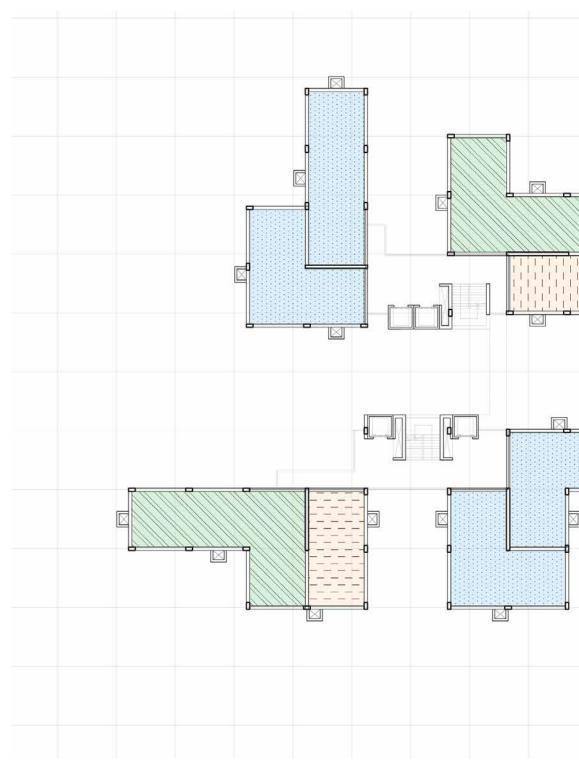




Standing in the lobby; can you make out how big the house is ?

Heterogeneity

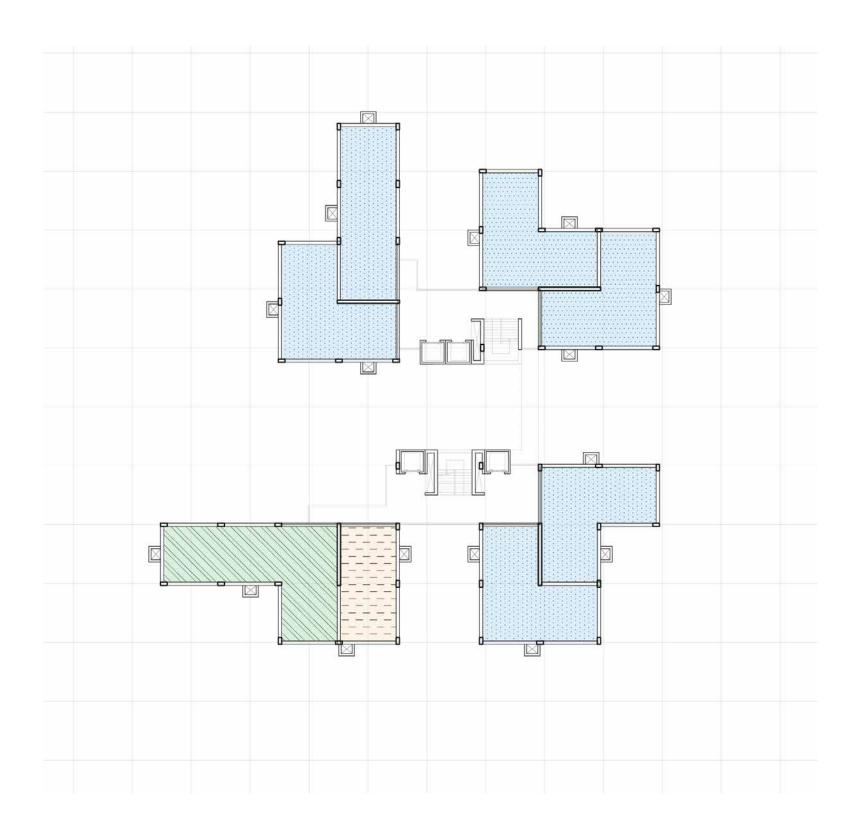




Standing in the lobby; can you make out how big the house is ?

Heterogeneity

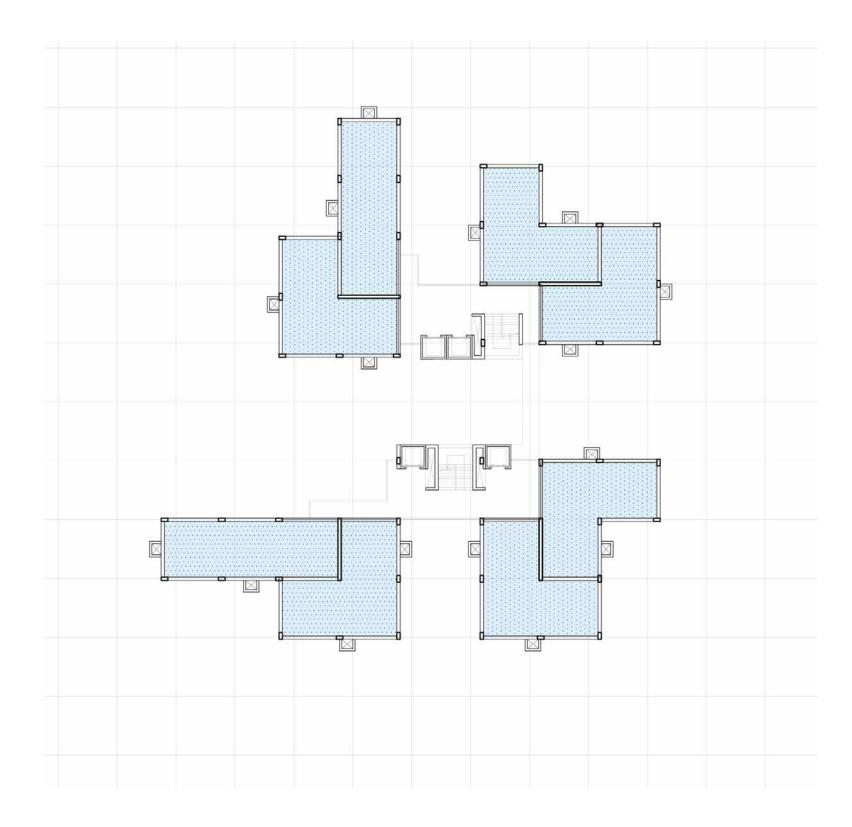




Standing in the lobby; can you make out how big the house is ?

Heterogeneity

The Floor



Standing in the lobby; can you make out how big the house is ?

Heterogeneity

The Site at Phase 1

How are the building blocks coming together to from the site ?

The Structure and other concrete work is complete.

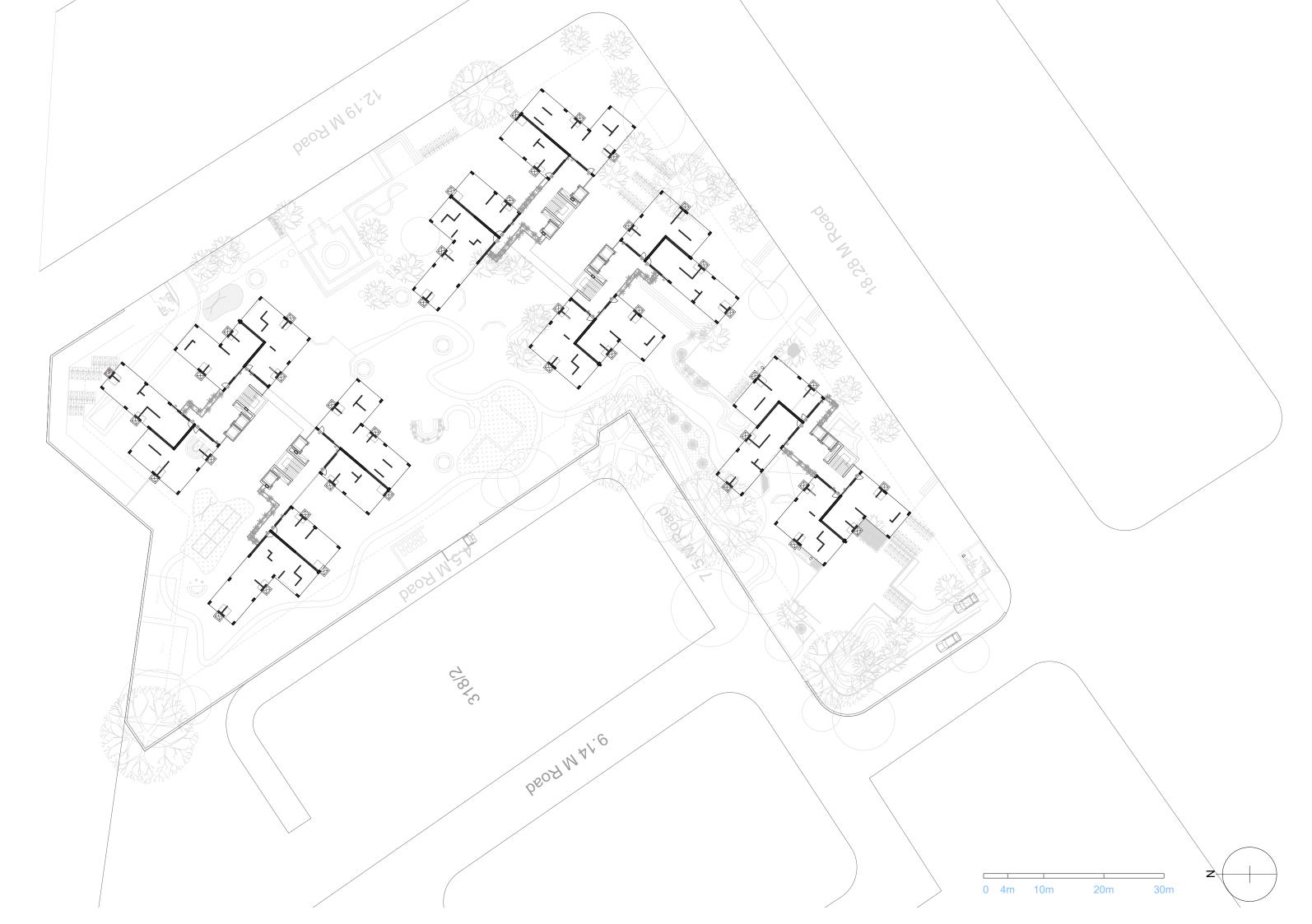
The proceeding construction phase is determined by the selections made by residents.

Struggle with Guidelines and norms

1. A bridge connects adjacent buildings together **only on some floors** as I was wasting a lot of FSI space otherwise.

2. Making sure that the **margin between two building blocks is > 10m**

Heterogeneity



The Site at Phase 2

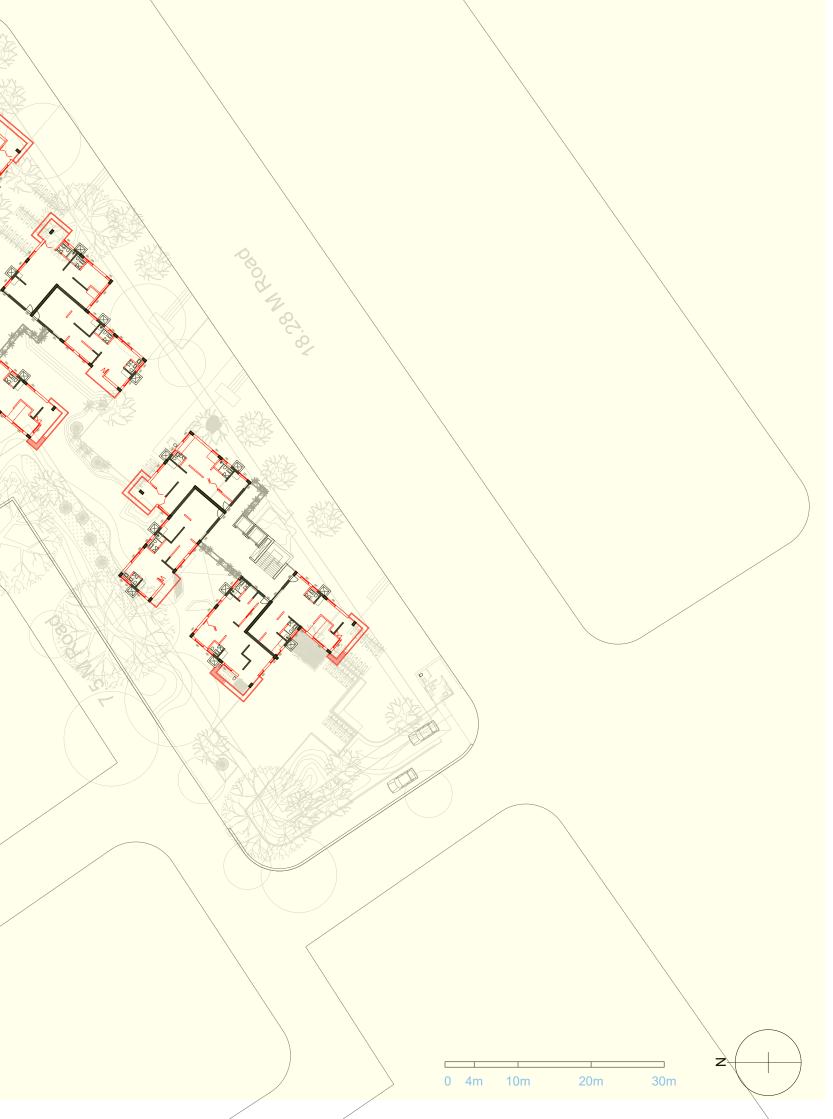
How does the project change once Phase 2 starts?

The following configurations are constructed based on the 'existing resident's selection.

For those residents who buy the apartment after **PHASE 2 ends**, certain configurations would be constructed randomly in vacant units: Hence the user **won't** have the option of choosing their preferred configuration **based on their preferred tower and floor location.**

Heterogeneity

Primary Concerns peod W 61-24 2/8/2 PEOZ WYL'G



The Site

Same fixed walls leading to . .

Units on the same floor with identical fixed wall layout.

Selection; done by the architect.



Heterogeneity

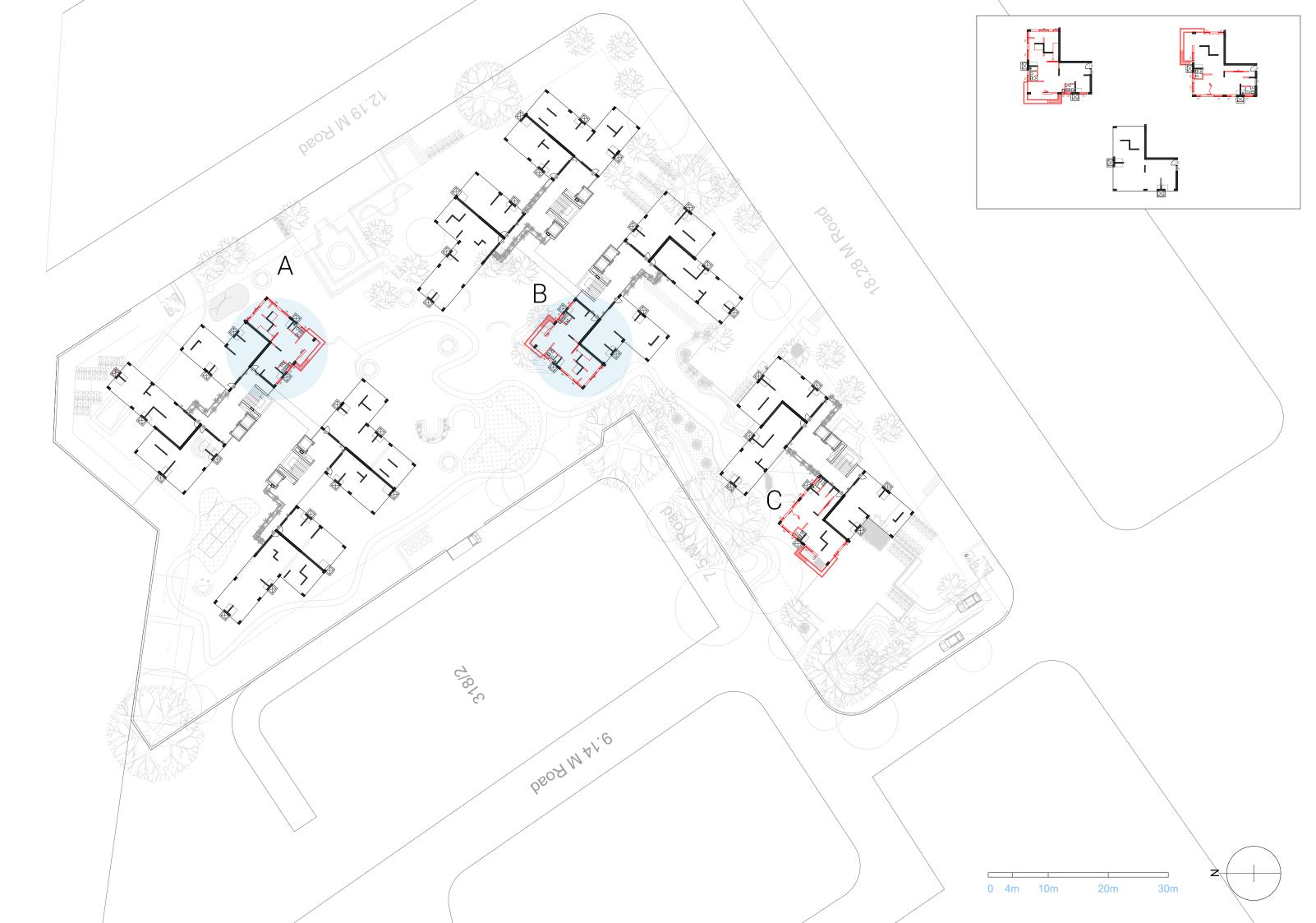
Primary Concerns

The Site

Same fixed walls leading to **different configurations.**

As user A and B choose the same configuration type, User C chooses another.

Selection; done by the user.



Heterogeneity

Primary Concerns

The Site

Same configurations leading to **variation in spatial usage**

As user A and User B adapt differently to the same unit configuration.

Adaption; by the user at the initial stage and as years go by.

Heterogeneity

Primary Concerns

peod MGV-ZV A В 2/8/6 PEOSINAL.E



The **Commercial** and **Residential** spaces.

The commercial spaces lie on the periphery, adjacent to the 18m and 12m roads.

The residential spaces lie further deep with different entry points for residents to enter.

Struggles related to guidelines and other details provided.

1. Providing for guest parking on the ground floor

2. Ways of segregating the commercial and residential spaces.

3. Positioning the garbage disposal unit strategically

4. Positioning the underground water tanks strategically.

5. Planning spaces in a way that spaces counted under FSI aren't just for circulation and could be used by the residents for certain activities.

6. Using margin spaces usefully.

7. Planing out the species of trees which can be planted in spaces with a basement underneath; based on their root coverage.



The Entry

1. No of Units: 256 (204 + 26+ 26)

2. No. of floors: 14 (G + 13)
3. No of Towers: 5 (with 4 units on each floor)

Keynotes

1. Commercial Area:

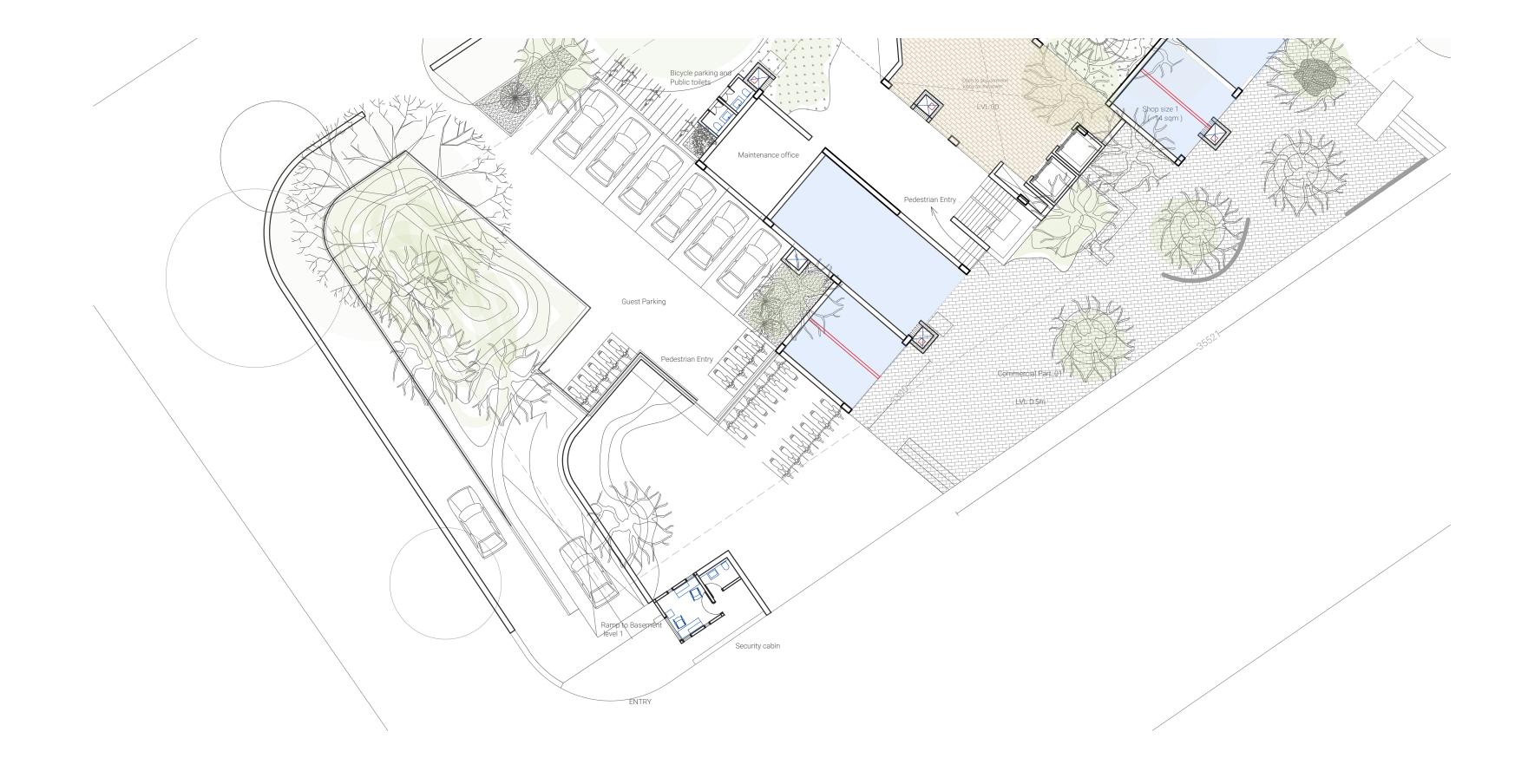
10 x (14 sq m shop) 4 x (28 sq m shop) 5 x (56 sq m shop)

2. **Maintenance office** space provided

3. Margin spaces where the basement doesn't continue have larger trees planted like, **Neem and Peepal**

4. Plantation done in spaces with basement below are Champa, Gulmohar and Grass coverage.

5. There exists smaller pedestrian entry points within the commercial area for the residents. These entry points will have electronic locks accessed only by the residents.



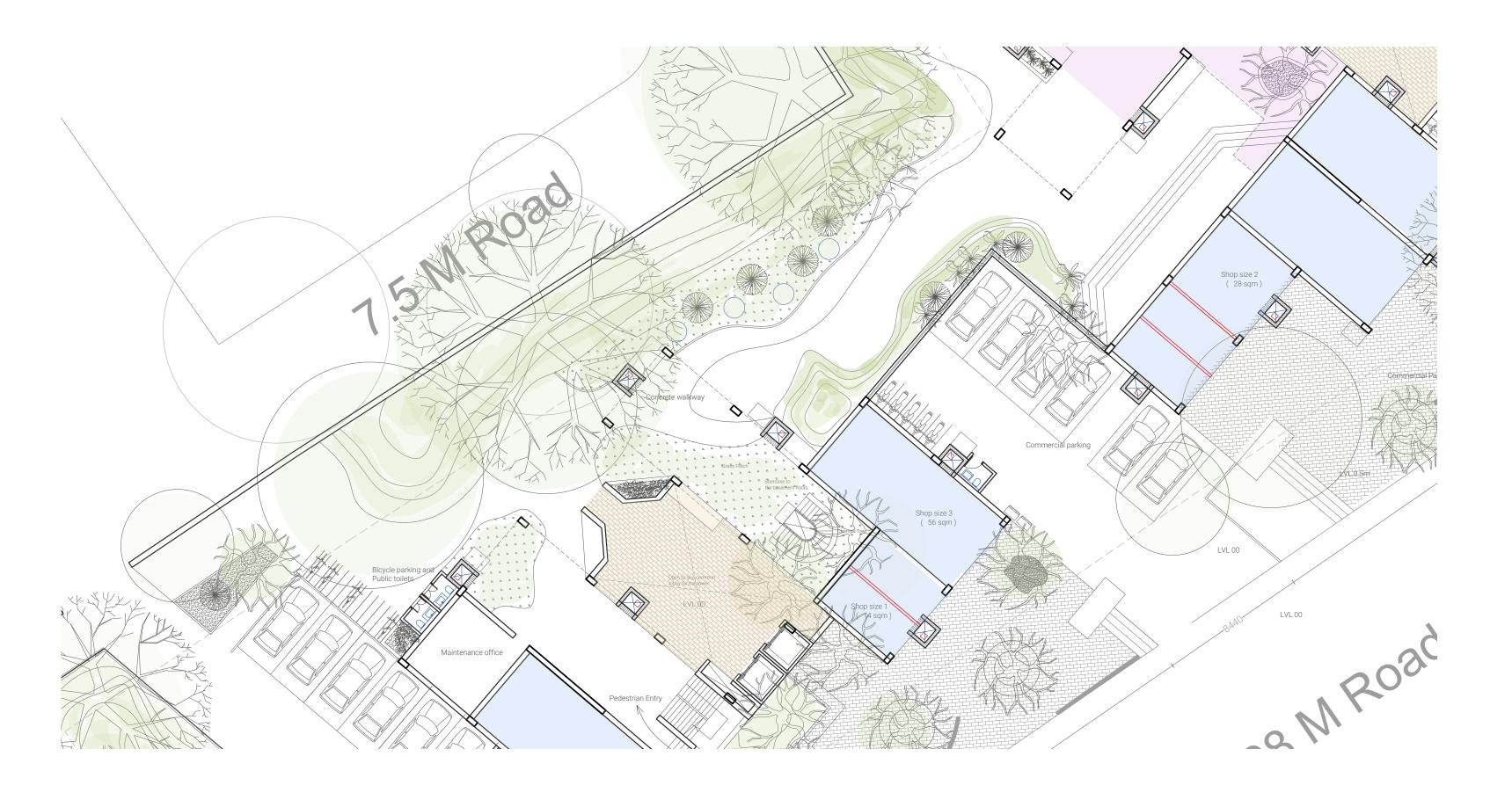
The Entry

Keynotes

1. Commercial Parking: 14 four wheelers 50 two wheelers

2. Public Toilets 8 under residential area 4 under commercial area

3. Water coolers: 10



Interior Spaces



Keynotes

1. Meter Room: 3

2. Common spaces for residents; **The semi enclosed spaces are designed to be flexible**, and can be segregated into smaller rooms based on the required activity.

3. Lifts: **10**

4. Staircase: 9 (All are fire staircases, 5 running from ground to the 14th floor and 4 from ground to basement)

Interior Spaces

Keynotes

- 1. School Bus drop of point
- 2. Garbage disposal zone: 10 MGB 360 L Bins

3. Play Area for kids

4. **Central common spaces**, with snacking walking tracks and sitting spots.

5. Open to sky, **common lobby** spaces for towers.

6. **Relocating the existing** temple



The Exit

Keynotes

1. Water Tanks:

<mark>2 underground tanks of 125,000 liters each (8 x 8 x 2m) (125,000 liters each (125,000 liters each (125,000 liters)) (125,000 liters each (125,000 liters)) (125,000 liters each (125,000 liters)) (125,000 liters) (125,000 liters</mark>

<mark>1 underground tank of 75,</mark> 000 liters (Fire Safety)

2. Guest Parking on ground 10 four wheeler 13 two wheeler

3. Exit point for vehicles



The Basement

Basement level 1

Keynotes

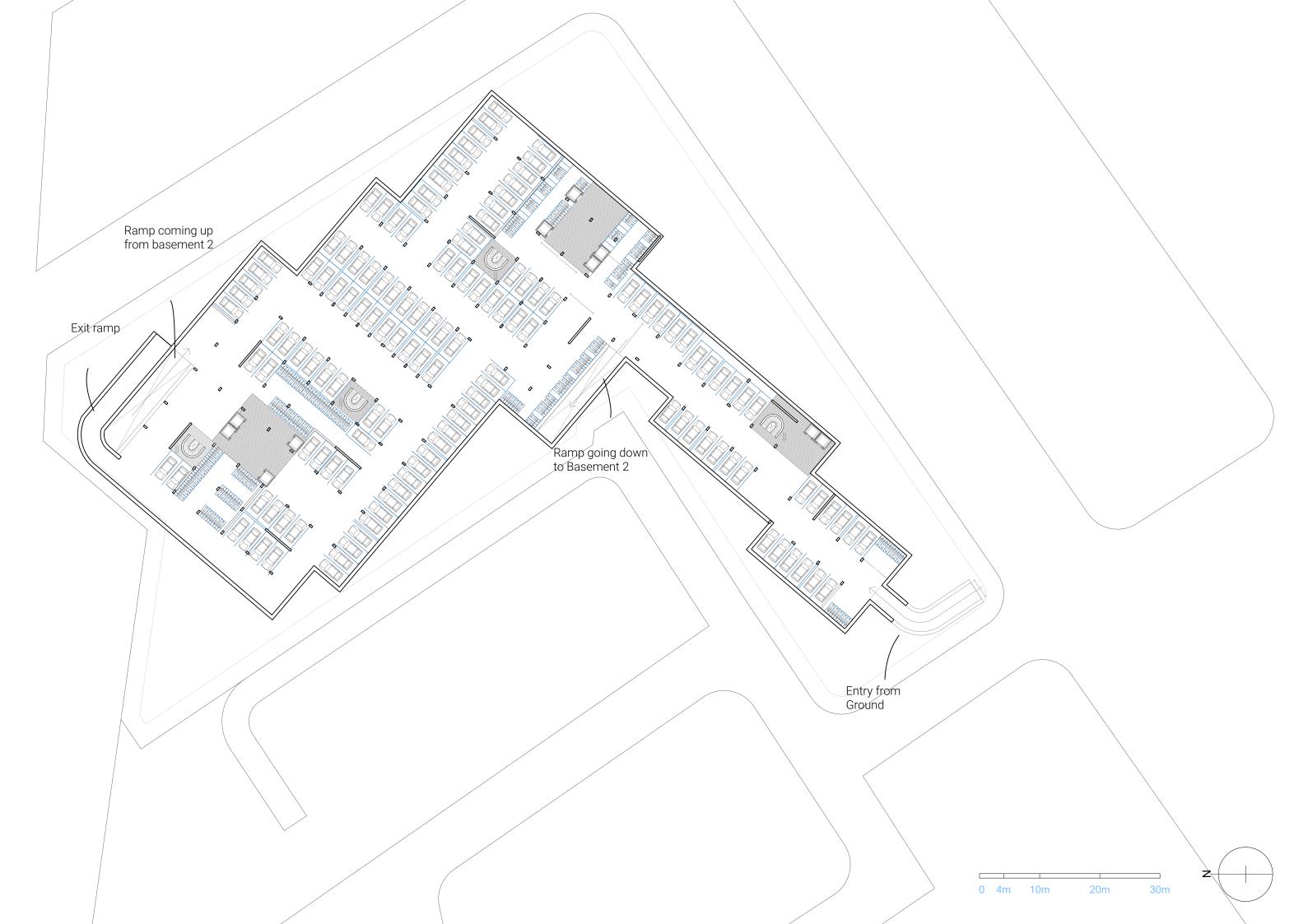
1. Total Parking:

Residential 260 four wheeler 240 two wheeler

<mark>Guests</mark> 13 Four wheeler 13 two wheeler

2. Entry and Exit points are kept at opposite corners to ensure liner, one directional movement of cars.

3. Creating a pattern difference in the concrete flooring and a level difference of 450mm to **separate pedestrian path from the**



The Basement

Basement level 2

Keynotes

1. Total Parking:

Residential 260 four wheeler 240 two wheeler

Guests 13 Four wheeler 13 two wheeler

2. Entry and Exit points are kept at opposite corners to ensure liner, one directional movement of cars.

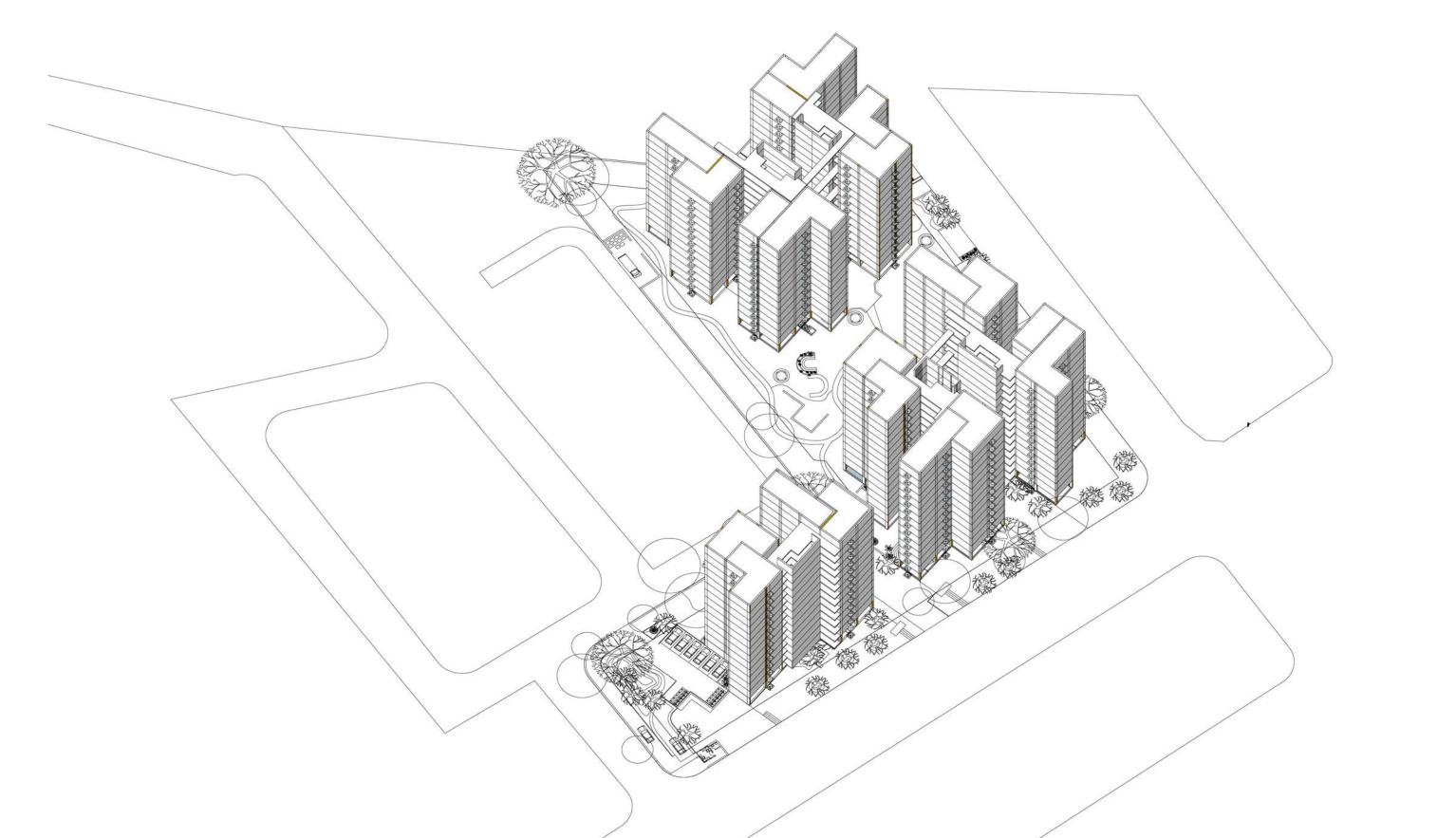
3. Creating a pattern difference in the concrete flooring and a level difference of 450mm to **separate pedestrian path from the**



The Project

Site:

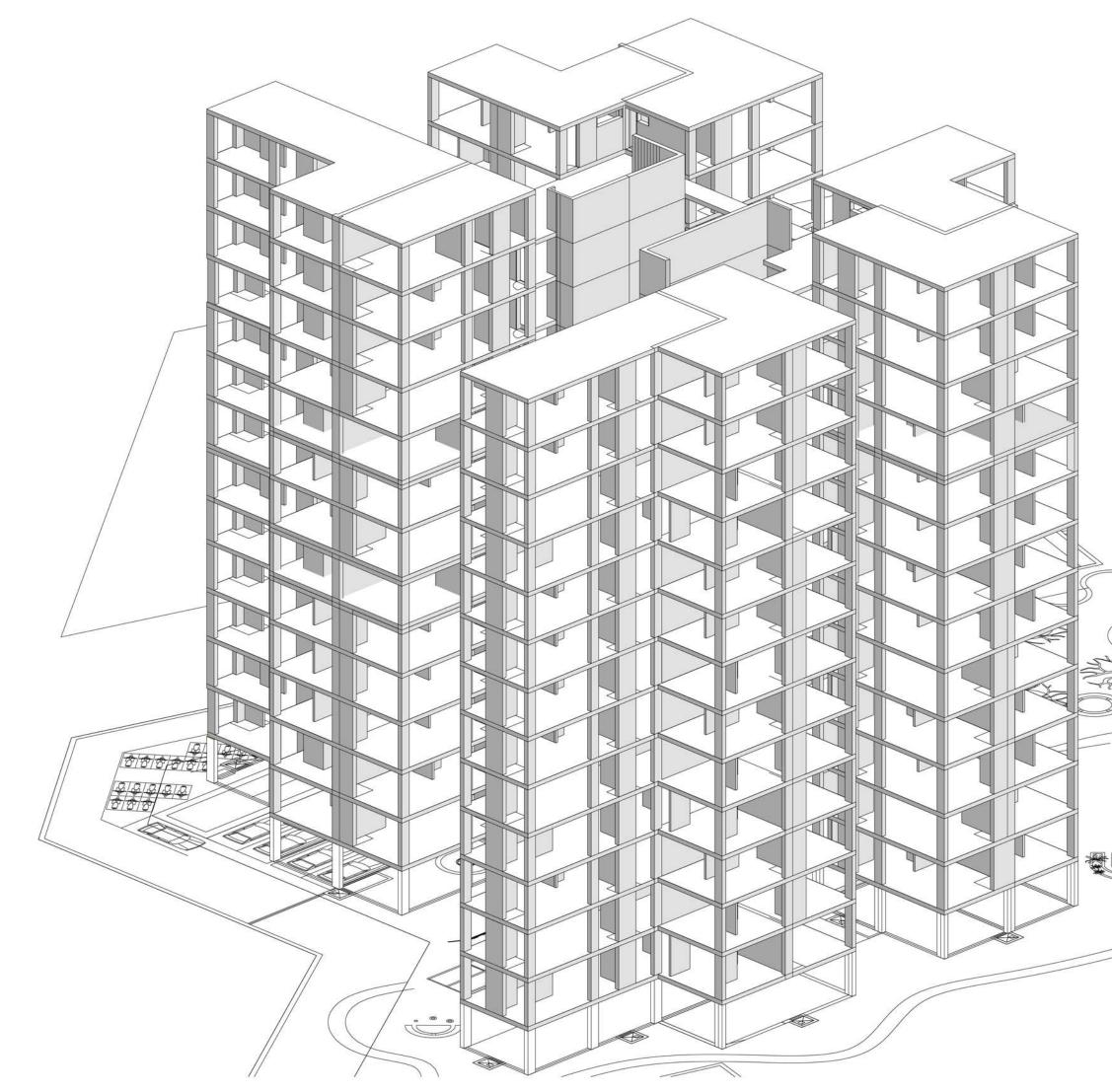
Carper Area: 16,560 sqm Built Up Area: 26,490 sqm FSI Achieved: 2.7



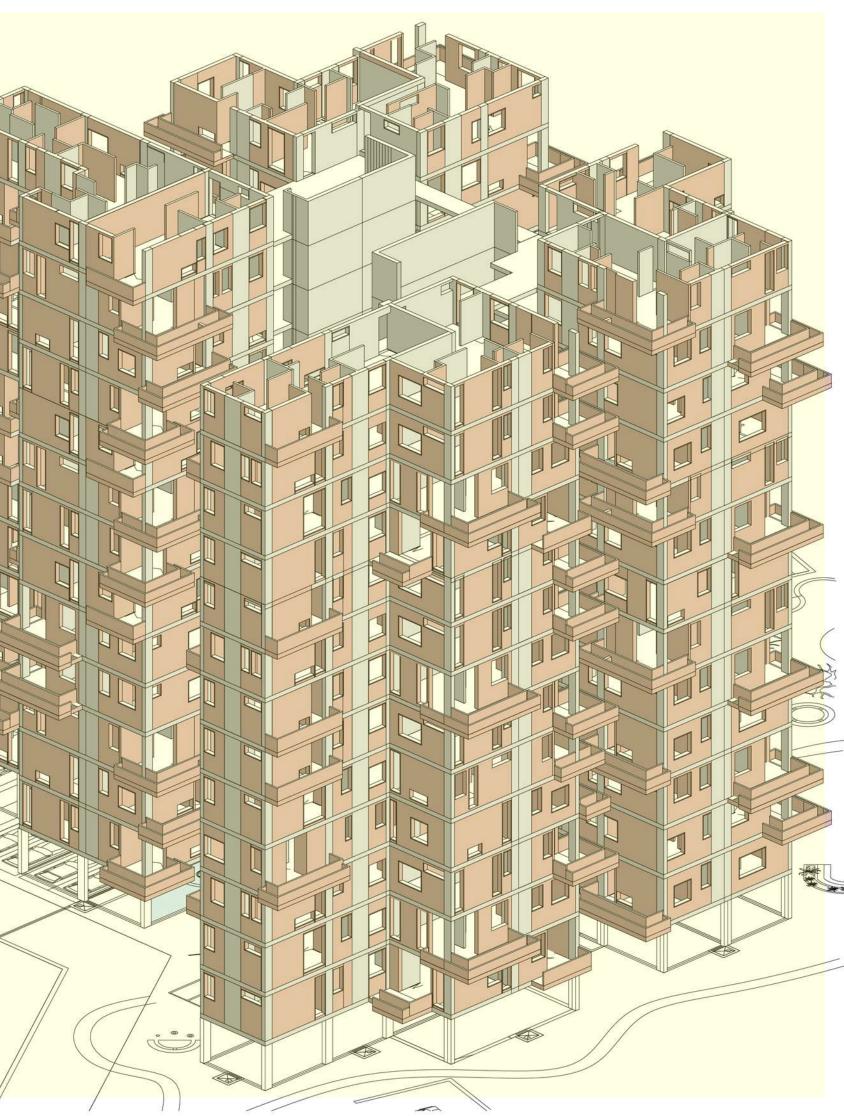




The Building at Phase 1



The Building at Phase 2



The Project



The Project

