How do you stack?

Potential and Perspectives in Mass Housing

Oikopolis | Mid Semester Seminar

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What drives us to inhabit air? Fascination, need or both?

In States



To stack is to only go vertical?

What happens when you stack different volumes, floor plates or even styles?



Notions of conventional and unconventional stacking



The burrow in Harry Potter? Maybe usual for the Weasleys.





StackAbout

RULES :

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. NO CHANGE IN FIECES (ROTATION INCLUDED.) . NO PIECE CAN BE STACKED AT AN ANGLE . · EVERY PIECE NEEDS TO HAVE ATLEAST ONE SURFACE IN DIRECT CONTACT WITH CYLINDER. . NO 2 PIECES STACKED DIRECTLY CAN BE IN THE SAME PLANE.

WINNING STACK MOST EXPOSED

. NO 2 PIECES CAN HAVE THE SAME ORIENTATION

· 3 MINUTES.

Game Experiment | Objectives behind designing and playing the game

- To explore variations in stacking within a simple structure
- To use different types of dwellings in one stack unlike the usual vertical repetition of a house
- To compare and understand the potential and limitations of different types of dwellings
- To explore the variations possible in a stack using only one type of dwelling
- To use the game as a tool to come up with strategies and concepts that can be used at mass housing scale











StackAbout 3.0

Given: Maximum 12 pieces (of one type of tetromino) and a cylinder

Rules:

- I. Cannot change the pieces
- 2. Every piece needs to have at least one square face directly attached to the cylinder
- 3. No pieces stacked directly on top of each other can be in the same plane
- 4. No two pieces can have the same orientation

Cylinder MANDATORY to use. Different winning criteria were given.

Time: 3-5 minutes

Result:

- Majority of the people who played the game thought that the L, Z and T pieces were easy to stack according to the rules when compared to the other pieces.
- Equal number of people thought that the easiest piece to stack between these 3, was the L or the T piece.







Vitrahaus, Herzog and de Meuron



Walden 7, Ricardo Bofill



Price Tower, Frank Lloyd Wright







Kanchanjunga, Charles Correa





Habitat 67, Moshe Safdie







Walden 7, Ricardo Bofill



Project Idea- Cantilevering and Landscape







Most exposed

stacking

Unite d'Habitation



Nakagin Tower





Hybrid Model of building















Rokko Housing, Tadao Ando



Mirador, MVRDV





Least surface area of the cylinder used

Project Idea- Exposed and Integrated circulation





Project Idea- Units branching out

Least surface area on the ground

Prospects of StackAbout

- 1. Instead of a 3D tetromino, different 3D polyomino are used to play the game (thereby allowing different sized dwellings as variety).
- 2. Same rules as StackAbout 3.0,
- Not allowing angle rotation of pieces
- Only 50% of the down facing surface area of a piece can be exposed (To limit extreme cantilevering)
- Not more than one piece stacked on top of the other
- To maximize voids
- 3. The pieces can be stacked without the cylinder; the stack that requires least number of cylinders to connect all the pieces wins (understanding and exploring unit-circulation relationship).
- 4. Game of 3D Tetris of stacking different pieces in one plane (imagine like a section of a building), stack with minimum surfaces closed off wins.



Food for Thought

- In a high-rise apartment, does the repetition of a house discourage expression of individual identity?
- Do you feel isolated from the ground in mass housing? How can stacking strategize to provide a sense of groundedness?
- What is the future of stacking?
- Is irregular stacking (intending to break monotony) doing the exact opposite ie. creating a new style/ sense of monotony-chaos and confusion?